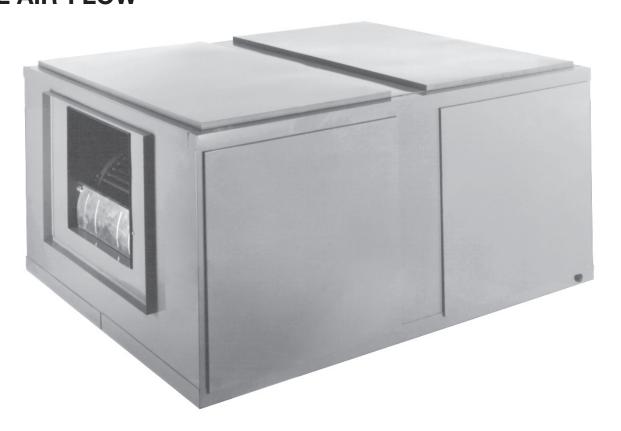
INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

(-)HCL: COMMERCIAL AIR HANDLER WITH VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE (VFD) R-410A REFRIGERANT 2-STAGE AIR-FLOW





UL listing and CSA certification on some models is in process.

Contact your distributor for available models.





Recognize this symbol as an indication of Important Safety Information!

DO NOT DESTROY

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND KEEP IN A SAFE PLACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

AWARNING

THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE INTENDED AS AN AID TO QUALIFIED, LICENSED SERVICE PERSONNEL FOR PROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT AND OPERATION OF THIS UNIT. READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS THOROUGHLY BEFORE ATTEMPTING INSTALLATION OR OPERATION. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE POSSIBLY RESULTING IN FIRE, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

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▲ WARNING

Disconnect all power to unit before installing or servicing. More than one disconnect switch may be required to de-energize the equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe personal injury or death.

▲ WARNING

If removal of the blower assembly is required, all disconnect switches supplying power to the equipment must be de-energized and locked (if not in sight of unit) so the field power wires can be safely removed from the blower assembly. Failure to do so can cause electrical shock resulting in personal injury or death.

▲ WARNING

Because of possible damage to equipment or personal injury, installation, service, and maintenance should be performed by a trained, qualified service personnel. Never operate the unit with the access panels removed.

AWARNING



Carbon Monoxide (CO) Poisoning Can Cause Severe Injury or Death.

Carbon Monoxide from the exhaust of motor vehicles and other fuel burning devices can be drawn into the living space by the operation of the central heating and air conditioning system.

Exhaust from motor vehicles, generators, garden tractors, mowers, portable heaters, charcoal and gas grills, gasoline powered tools, and outdoor camping equipment contains carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can kill you. You cannot see it, smell it, or taste it.

- Do NOT operate an automobile or any engine in a garage for more than the few seconds it takes to enter or exit the garage.
- . Do NOT operate any fuel-burning device in an enclosed or partly enclosed space, or near building windows, doors or air intakes.

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) and Health Canada recommend the installation of UL or CSA certified Carbon Monoxide Alarm(s) in every home.

1.0 SAFETY INFORMATION

▲ WARNING

Duct leaks can create an unbalanced system and draw pollutants such as dirt, dust, fumes and odors into the building causing property damage. Fumes and odors from toxic, volatile or flammable chemicals, as well as automobile exhaust and carbon monoxide (CO), can be drawn into the occupied space through leaking ducts and unbalanced duct systems causing personal injury or death (see Figure 1).

- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in garages or off-garage storage areas - all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must be sealed to limit the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the living space.
- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in spaces containing fuel burning appliances such as water heaters or boilers - all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must also be sealed to prevent depressurization of the space and possible migration of combustion byproducts including carbon monoxide into the occupied space.

▲ WARNING

These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified, licensed service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation or operation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in improper installation, adjustment, service or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury or death.



A WARNING (SEE SECTION 3.11.3: GROUNDING)

The unit must be permanently grounded. Failure to do so can result in electrical shock causing personal injury or death.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 3.5: DUCTWORK)

Do not, under any circumstances, connect return ductwork to any other heat producing device such as fireplace insert, stove, etc. Unauthorized use of such devices may result in fire, carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, personal injury or property damage.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 3.6: AIR FILTER)

Do not operate the system without filters. A portion of the dust entrained in the air may temporarily lodge in the duct runs and at the supply registers. Any circulated dust particles could be heated and charred by contact with the heating elements. This residue could soil ceilings, walls, drapes, carpets and other articles in the building.

Soot damage may occur even with filters in place when certain types of candles, oil lamps or standing pilots are burned.



▲ WARNING

The first 36 inches of supply air plenum and ductwork must be constructed of sheet metal with no openings, registers or flexible air ducts located in it as required by NFPA 90B if an electric heater accessory is installed. If flexible supply air ducts are used they may be located only in the vertical walls of a rectangular plenum, a minimum of 6 inches from the solid bottom.



CAUTION (SEE SECTION 3.3: AUXILIARY OVERFLOW PAN)

In compliance with recognized codes, an auxiliary drain pan must be installed under all equipment containing evaporator coils that are located in any area of a structure where damage to the building or building contents may occur as a result of an overflow of the coil drain pan or a stoppage in the primary condensate drain piping.

WARNING

PROPOSITION 65: This appliance contains fiberglass insulation. Respirable particles of fiberglass are known to the State of California to cause cancer.

All manufacturer products meet current Federal 0SHA Guidelines for safety. California Proposition 65 warnings are required for certain products, which are not covered by the 0SHA standards.

California's Proposition 65 requires warnings for products sold in California that contain or produce any of over 600 listed chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects such as fiberglass insulation, lead in brass, and combustion products from natural gas.

All "new equipment" shipped for sale in California will have labels stating that the product contains and/or produces Proposition 65 chemicals. Although we have not changed our processes, having the same label on all our products facilitates manufacturing and shipping. We cannot always know "when, or if" products will be sold in the California market.

You may receive inquiries from customers about chemicals found in, or produced by, some of our heating and air-conditioning equipment, or found in natural gas used with some of our products. Listed below are those chemicals and substances commonly associated with similar equipment in our industry and other manufacturers.

- Glass Wool (Fiberglass) Insulation
- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- Formaldehyde
- Benzene

More details are available at the websites for 0SHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), at www.osha.gov and the State of California's OEHHA (Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment), at www.oehha.org. Consumer education is important since the chemicals and substances on the list are found in our daily lives. Most consumers are aware that products present safety and health risks, when improperly used, handled and maintained.

M NOTICE

When used in cooling applications, excessive sweating may occur when unit is installed in an unconditioned space. This can result in property damage.

▲ NOTICE

Improper installation, or installation not made in accordance with the Underwriters Laboratory (UL) certification or these instructions, can result in unsatisfactory operation and/or dangerous conditions and are not covered by the unit warranty.

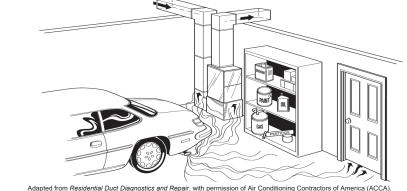
M NOTICE

Use of this air-handler during construction is not recommended. If operation during construction is absolutely required, the following temporary installation requirements must be followed:

Installation must comply with all Installation Instructions in this manual including the following items:

- Properly sized power supply and circuit breaker/fuse
- Air-handler operating under thermostatic control;
- Return air duct sealed to the air-handler;
- Air filters must be in place;
- Correct air-flow setting for application
- Clean air-handler, duct work, and components including coil upon completion of the construction process and verify proper air-handler operating conditions according as stated in this instruction manual.
- NOTE: Electric strip heater elements tend to emit a burning odor for a few days if dust has accumulated during construction. Heater elements are easily damaged. Take great care when cleaning them. Low pressure compressed air is recommended for cleaning elements.

FIGURE 1 MIGRATION OF DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, FUMES, AND ODORS INTO LIVING SPACES



▲ WARNING

Duct leaks can create an unbalanced system and draw pollutants such as dirt, dust, fumes and odors into the building causing property damage. Fumes and odors from toxic, volatile or flammable chemicals, as well as automobile exhaust and carbon monoxide (CO), can be drawn into the living space through leaking ducts and unbalanced duct systems causing personal injury or death (see Figure 1).

- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in garages or off-garage storage areas – all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must be sealed to limit the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the occupied space.
- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in spaces containing fuel burning appliances such as water heaters or boilers – all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must also be sealed to prevent depressurization of the space and possible migration of combustion byproducts including carbon monoxide into the occupied space.

2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT EFFICIENCY & INDOOR **AIR OUALITY**

Central cooling and heating equipment is only as efficient as the duct system that carries the cooled or heated air. To maintain efficiency, comfort and good indoor air quality, it is important to have the proper balance between the air being supplied to each room and the air returning to the cooling and heating equipment.

Proper balance and sealing of the duct system improves the efficiency of the heating and air conditioning system and improves the indoor air quality of the home by reducing the amount of airborne pollutants that enter homes from spaces where the ductwork and/or equipment is located. The manufacturer and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Energy Star Program recommend that central duct systems be checked by a qualified contractor for proper balance and sealing.

2.2 CHECKING PRODUCT RECEIVED

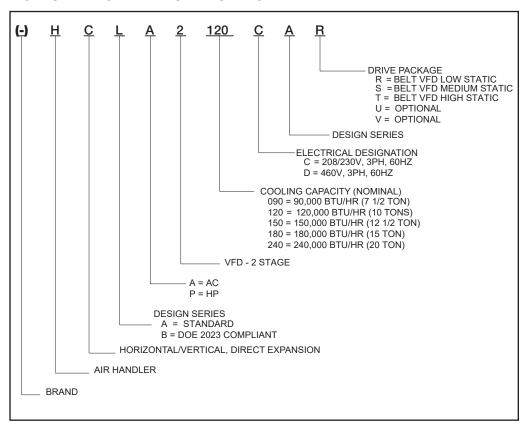
Immediately upon receipt, all cartons and contents should be inspected for transit damage. Units with damaged cartons should be opened immediately. If damage is found, it should be noted on the delivery documents and a damage claim filed with the delivering carrier.

After unit has been delivered to the job site, remove the unit from the packaging taking care not to damage the unit. Check the unit rating plate for unit model number, unit size, voltage, phase, etc. to assure the unit matches the job specifications.

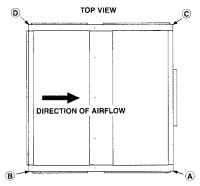
Reference the unit data plate for the following information:

- Model Number
- Serial Number
- Country of OriginRated Voltage and Frequency

2.3 MODEL NUMBER NOMENCLATURE



2.5 PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS - INCHES [mm]

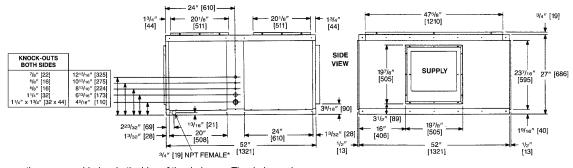


RETURN AIR OPENINGS = 473/8" [1203] WIDTH x 197/8" [505] HEIGHT

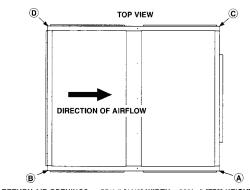
(-)HCLA2 7¹/₂ AND 10 NOMINAL TONS [26 AND 35 kW]

	REFRIGERANT STUB SIZES, IN. [mm]							
MODEL	DUAL LIQ.	DUAL SUC.	SINGLE LIQ.	SINGLE SUC.				
090	1/2, 1/2 [13, 13]	7/8, 7/8 [22, 22]	1/2 [13]	1 1/8 [29]				
120	1/2, 1/2 [13, 13]	7/8, 7/8 [22, 22]	5/8 [16]	1 3/8 [35]				

MODEL	REFRI	GERANT : [m	TOTAL GROSS			
MODEL	A	В	С	D	WEIGHT	WEIGHT
090	127 [57]	57 [25]	50 [22]	131 [59]	365 [165]	409 [185]
120	127 [57]	57 [25]	50 [22]	131 [59]	365 [165]	409 [185]



^{*}Drain connections are provided on both sides of the drain pan. The drain can be connected to either side of the drain pan, but not both. The drain must be trapped.

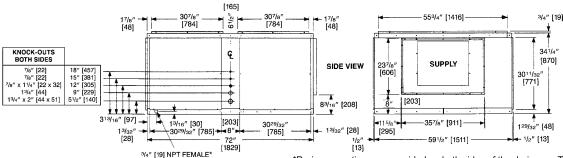


RETURN AIR OPENINGS = 551/2" [1410] WIDTH x 309/16" [776] HEIGHT

(-)HCLA2 12.5, 15 AND 20 NOMINAL TONS [44, 53 & 70 kW]

	REFRIGERANT STUB SIZES, IN. [mm]								
MODEL	DUAL LIQ.	DUAL SUC.	SINGLE LIQ.	SINGLE SUC.					
150	1/2, 1/2 [13, 13]	11/8, 11/8 [29, 29]	5/8 [16]	15/8 [41]					
180	5/8, 5/8 [16, 16]	13/8, 13/8 [35, 35]	7/8 [22]	1 ⁵ /8 [41]					
240	5/8, 5/8 [16, 16]	13/8, 13/8 [35, 35]	⁷ /8 [22]	15/8 [41]					

MODEL	СО	TOTAL			
	Α	В	C	D	WEIGHT
150	144 [65]	127 [58]	117 [53]	105 [48]	495 [225]
180	159 [72]	142 [64]	129 [59]	115 [52]	545 [247]
240	159 [72]	142 [64]	129 [59]	115 [52]	545 [247]



[] Designates Metric Conversions

*Drain connections are provided on both sides of the drain pan. The drain can be connected to either side of the drain pan, but not both. The drain must be trapped.

DIRECTION OF AIRFLOW B RETURN AIR OPENINGS = 473/8" [1203] WIDTH x 197/8" [505] HEIGHT

(-)HCLP2 71/2 AND 10 NOMINAL TONS [26 AND 35 kW]

Ī		REFR	IGERANT STUB	SIZES, IN. [mi	m]
	MODEL	DUAL LIQ.	DUAL SUC.	SINGLE LIQ.	SINGLE SUC.
	090	1/2, 1/2 [13, 13]	7/8, 7/8 [22, 22]	1/2 [13]	1 1/8 [29]
ĺ	120	1/2, 1/2 [13, 13]	7/8, 7/8 [22, 22]	5/8 [16]	1 3/8 [35]

MODEL	REFRI	FRIGERANT STUB SIZES, I [mm]			TOTAL	GROSS	
MODEL	A	В	С	D	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
090	127 [57]	57 [25]	50 [22]	131 [59]	365 [165]	409 [185]	
120	70 [31]	145 [65]	123 [55]	66 [29]	403 [182]	447 [202]	

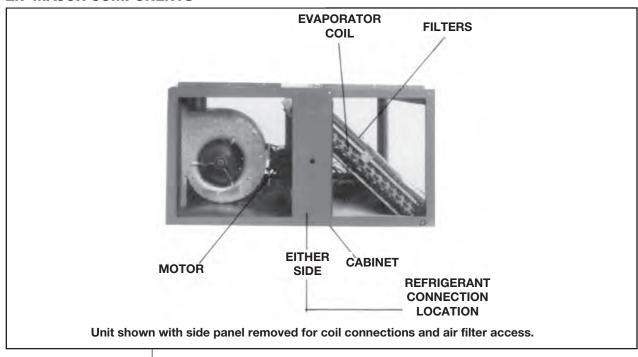
	24" [610] 20'/8" [44]	201/8" 13/4" [511] [44]	475/8" [1210]	3/4" [19]
KNOCK-OUTS BOTH SIDES 7/6" [22] 1213/16" [325] 16/6" [16] 1314/6" [275] 16/6" [16] 131/6" [274] 11/4" [32] 613/16" [173] 11/4" x 13/4" [32 x 44] 45/16" [110]		SIDE VIEW 39/16" [90] -13/32" [28] 1/3" 21]	197/8" SUPPLY [505] 31/8" [89] 18" [505] [406] 52" [1321]	23"/16" 27" [686] [595] 19/16" [40] 19/16" [40]

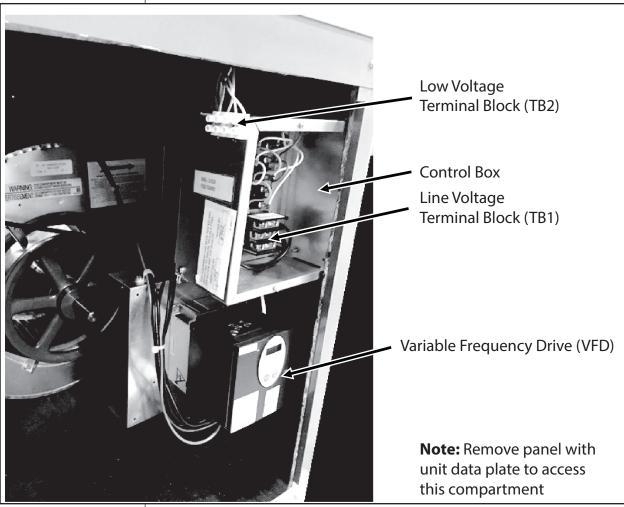
^{*}Drain connections are provided on both sides of the drain pan. The drain can be connected to either side of the drain pan, but not both. The drain must be trapped.

2.6 PHYSICAL DATA

					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ı	1
		RHCLA2	RHCLA2	RHCLA2	RHCLA2	RHCLA2	RHCLP2	RHCLP2
Cooling Size		090	120	150	180 240		090	120
Nominal size	` ′	7-1/2 (26)	10 (35)	12-1/2(44)	15 (53)	20 (70)	7-1/2 (26)	10 (35)
	(L/s) @ Rated a) (2nd Stage)	3000 @ .25" (1416 @ .062)	4000 @ .30" (1888 @ .075)	4785 @ .35" (2258 @ .087)	6000 @ .35" (2832 @ .087)	8000 @.40 (3776 @ .099)	3000 @ .25" (1416 @ .062)	4000 @ .30" (1888 @ .075)
# of Blower S	peeds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1 st Stage Blo	wer RPM %	66%	66%	66%	66%	66%	66%	66%
	Standard-	2 HP (1491)	2 HP (1491)	2 HP (1491)	2HP (1491)	5HP (3729)	2 HP (1491)	2 HP (1491)
MOTOR	1750 RPM 3 phase							
HORSE POWER	Optional-	2 HP (1491), 3 HP (2237)	2 HP (1491), 3 HP (2237)	2 HP (1491), 3 HP (2237), 5 HP (3729)	2 HP (1491), 3 HP (2237), 5 HP (3729)	5HP (3729), 7.5 HP (5593)	2 HP (1491), 3 HP (2237)	2 HP (1491), 3 HP (2237)
	1750 RPM 3 phase							
Blower Size - in. (mm)	diameter x width,	12 X 12 (305 x 305)	12 X 12 (305 x 305)	18 x 15 (457 x 381)	18 x 15 (457 x 381)	18 x 18 (457 x 457)	12 X 12 (305 x 305)	12 X 12 (305 x 305)
, ,	Diameter, in. (mm)	3/4 (19)	3/4 (19)	1 (25)	1 (25)	1 (25)	3/4 (19)	3/4 (19)
Motor Sheave size, in. (mm)	1750 RPM 3 phase	5/8 (16)	7/8 (22)	7/8 (22)	7/8 (22)	1-1/8 (29)	5/8 (16)	7/8 (22)
Belt Type		A-50	V-54	B52	B52	B50	A-50	A-52
Coil Face Are	a, sq. ft. (m^2)	10.2 (.95)	10.2 (.95)	16.2 (1.51)	16.2 (1.51)	.2 (1.51) 16.2 (1.51)		12.6 (1.17)
Coil Tube Dia	meter, in. (mm)	3/8 (10)	3/8 (10)	3/8 (10)	3/8 (10) 3/8 (10)		3/8 (10)	3/8 (10)
Coil, Rows De	eep-Fins Per Inch	4/15 (.59)	4/15 (.59)	3/15 (.51)	4/15 (.59) 4/15 (.59)		4/15 (.59)	4/15 (.59)
	frigerant Control	(2) BBIZE-5-GA	(2) BBIZE-5-GA	(2) BBIZE-6-GA	(2) BBIZE-6-GA	(2) BBIZE-8-GA	(2) CBBIZE-5-GA	(2) CBBIZE-6-GA
Filter Size, in.	(Number Required)	(4) 16 X 25 X 1 [406 x 365 x 25]	(4) 16 X 25 X 1 [406 x 365 x 25]	(6) 20 X 25 X 1 [508 x 365 x 25]	(6) 20 X 25 X 1 [508 x 365 x 25]	(6) 20 X 25 X 1 [508 x 365 x 25]	(4) 16 X 25 X 1 [406 x 365 x 25]	Field Installed
CABINET:		,			[,	
Finish		Prepaint	Prepaint	Prepaint	Prepaint	Prepaint	Prepaint	Prepaint
Sheet Metal		Galvanized	Galvanized	Galvanized	Galvanized Galvanized		Galvanized	Galvanized
Gauge: Top		18	18	18	18 18		18	18
Side	s	16	16	16	16 16		16	16
Botte	om	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Doo	or and Covers	20 min.	20 min.	20 min.	20 min.	20 min.	20 min.	20 min.
UNIT WEIGH	TS:							
	R - Drive	330 (150)	347 (157)	446 (202)	486 (220)	545 (247)	330 (150)	447 (203)
Operating	S - Drive	330 (150)	347 (157)	452 (205)	492 (223)	595 (270)	330 (150)	458 (208)
	T - Drive	341 (155)	358 (162)	490 (222)	530 (240)	645 (293)	341 (155)	458 (208)
	R - Drive	396 (180)	413 (187)	481 (218)	521 (236)	580 (263)	365 (166)	513 (233)
Shipping	S - Drive	396 (180)	413 (187)	3 (187) 487 (221)		630 (286)	365 (166)	535 (243)
	T - Drive	407 (185)	435 (197)	525 (238)	565 (256)	680 (308)	376 (171)	535 (243)
OPTIONAL A	CCESORIES							
Hot Water Co	ils	200 (91)	200 (91)	200 (91)	200 (91)	200 (91)	200 (91)	200 (91)
Steam Heating Coils							L	

2.7 MAJOR COMPONENTS





2.8 IMPORTANCE OF PROPER INDOOR/OUTDOOR MATCH-UPS

To assure many years of reliable operation and optimum customer comfort and to assure the outdoor unit warranty remains valid, an air-handler model should be selected that is properly matched to the outdoor unit. This is especially critical for heat pump systems to assure proper refrigerant charge balance between the cooling and heating modes. The recommended approach is to select an air-handler model that has an AHRI match with the outdoor unit. Refer to the AHRI directory at www.ahridirectory.org to confirm the air-handler and outdoor unit are a certified combination in the AHRI Directory.

2.9 IMPORTANCE OF A QUALITY INSTALLATION

A quality installation is critical to assure safety, reliability, comfort, and customer satisfaction. Strict adherence to applicable codes, the information in this installation manual, the outdoor unit installation manual, and the thermostat installation manual are key to a quality installation. Read the entire instruction manuals before starting the installation.

IMPORTANT: This product has been designed and manufactured to meet certified AHRI capacity and efficiency ratings with the appropriate outdoor units. However, proper refrigerant charge, proper airflow, and refrigerant line sizing are critical to achieve optimum capacity and efficiency and to assure reliable operation. Installation of this product should follow the manufacturer's refrigerant charging and airflow instructions located in the outdoor unit installation instructions and the charging chart label affixed to the outdoor unit. Failure to confirm proper charge and airflow may reduce energy efficiency and shorten equipment life.

The equipment has been evaluated in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter XX, Part 3280.

Install the unit in accordance with applicable national, state, and local codes. Latest editions are available from: "National Fire Protection Association, Inc., Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269." These publications are:

- ANSI/NFPA No. 70-(Latest Edition) National Electrical Code.
- NFPA90A Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.
- NFPA90B Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems.

Install the unit in such a way as to allow necessary access to the coil/filter rack and blower/control compartment.

3.0 INSTALLATION

3.1 TOOLS & REFRIGERANT

3.1.1 TOOLS REQUIRED FOR INSTALLING AND SERVICING R-410A MODELS

Manifold Sets:

- Up to 800 PSIG High-Side
- Up to 250 PSIG Low-Side
- 550 PSIG Low-Side Retard

Manifold Hoses:

 Service Pressure Rating of 800 PSIG

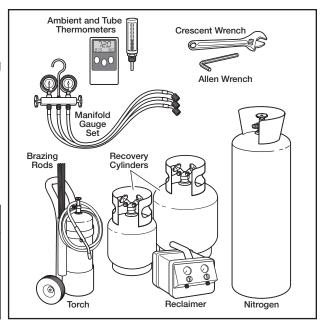
Recovery Cylinders:

- 400 PSIG Pressure Rating
- Dept. of Transportation 4BA400 or BW400



NOTICE

R-410A systems operate at higher pressures than R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on R-410A equipment.



3.1.2 SPECIFICATIONS OF R-410A

Application: R-410A is not a drop-in replacement for R-22. Equipment designs must accommodate its higher pressures. It cannot be retrofitted into R-22 heat pumps.

Physical Properties: R-410A has an atmospheric boiling point of -62.9°F [-52.7°C] and its saturation pressure at 77°F [25°C] is 224.5 psig.

Composition: R-410A is a near-azeotropic mixture of 50% by weight difluoromethane (HFC-32) and 50% by weight pentafluoroethane (HFC-125).

Pressure: The pressure of R-410A is approximately 60% (1.6 times) greater than R-22. Recovery and recycle equipment, pumps, hoses, and the like must have design pressure ratings appropriate for R-410A. Manifold sets need to range up to 800 psig high-side and 250 psig low-side with a 550 psig low-side retard. Hoses need to have a service pressure rating of 800 psig. Recovery cylinders need to have a 400 psig service pressure rating, DOT 4BA400 or DOT BW400.

Combustibility: At pressures above 1 atmosphere, a mixture of R-410A and air can become combustible. R-410A and air should never be mixed in tanks or supply lines or be allowed to accumulate in storage tanks. Leak checking should never be done with a mixture of R-410A and air. Leak-checking can be performed safely with nitrogen or a mixture of R-410A and nitrogen.

3.1.3 QUICK-REFERENCE GUIDE FOR R-410A

- R-410A refrigerant operates at approximately 60% higher pressure (1.6 times) than R-22. Ensure that servicing equipment is designed to operate with R-410A.
- R-410A refrigerant cylinders are light rose in color.
- R-410A, as with other HFCs, is only compatible with POE oils.
- Vacuum pumps will not remove moisture from POE oil used in R-410A systems.
- R-410A systems are to be charged with liquid refrigerants. Prior to March 1999, R-410A refrigerant cylinders had a dip tube. These cylinders should be kept upright for equipment charging. Post-March 1999 cylinders do not have a dip tube and should be inverted to ensure liquid charging of the equipment.
- Do not install a suction line filter drier in the liquid line.
- A factory-approved outdoor liquid line filter drier is shipped with every unit and must be installed in the liquid line at the time of installation. If only the air-handler is being replaced on an existing system, the existing filter drier must be replaced at the time of installation with a field supplied filter drier. IMPORTANT: A bi-flow filter drier must be used for heat pump applications. Filter driers must be rated for minimum working pressure of 600 psig. The filter drier will only have adequate moisture-holding capacity if the system is properly evacuated.
- Desiccant (drying agent) must be compatible for POE oils and R-410A refrigerant.

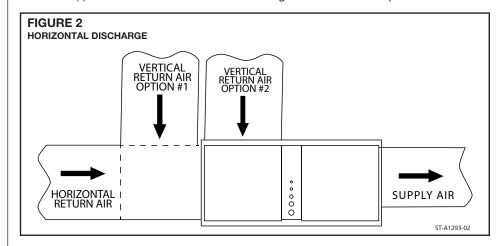
3.2 APPLICATIONS & ORIENTATION

IMPORTANT: The air-handler is suitable for indoor applications only.

3.2.1 HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE

The air-handler may be installed in the horizontal discharge configuration with either a vertical or horizontal return duct as shown in Figure 2. For a vertical return duct, relocate the return air panel on top of the air-handler to cover the side return air opening.

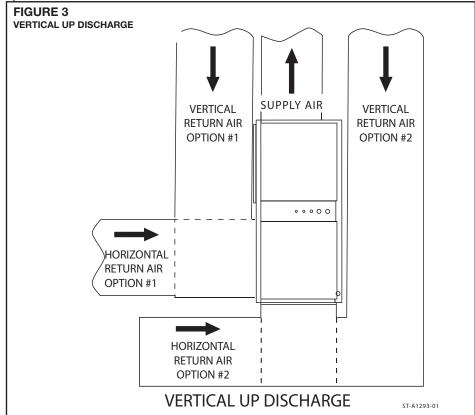
Note: The (-)HCLP2120 can not be installed using vertical return air option #2



3.2.2 VERTICAL UP DISCHARGE

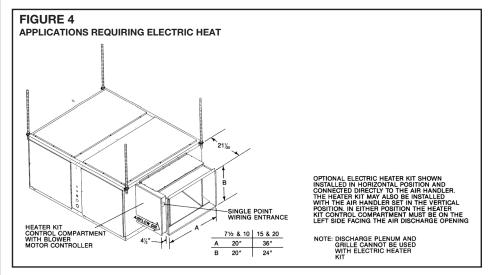
The air-handler may be installed in the vertical discharge configuration with a horizontal return duct as shown in Figure 3. Relocate the return air panel to cover the other return air opening to allow for the horizontal return duct.

Note: The (-)HCLP2120 cannot utilize the Horizonatal Return air and Vertial Return air option #1.



3.2.3 APPLICATIONS REQUIRING ELECTRIC HEAT

For applications that require resistance electric heat, field installed heater kits are available that attaches to the discharge side of the air-handler. See Figure 4. The heater kit is compatible for both horizontal and vertical discharge applications. The supply duct must be attached to the discharge end of the heater kit. The blower motor contactor and supply wiring is provided with the heater kit. See Section 6.1 for information concerning the available heater kits.



3.2.4 SUSPENDING UNIT

Four heavy gauge angles are furnished in the parts bag shipped with the air-handler for suspending the unit from all four corners as shown in Figure 4 above. ½" minimum support rods are recommended. If "All-Thread" rods are used, it is recommended that two nuts and two lock washers be tightened securely against the suspension angles.

When the air-handler is suspended as illustrated, hot water or steam coils, mixing boxes, and discharge air plenums cannot be mounted due to weight limitations. In these applications, an alternate suspension method such as field supplied angles or channels must be located underneath the air-handler.

3.2.5 INSTALLATION IN AN UNCONDITIONED SPACE

The exterior cabinet of an air handler has a greater risk of sweating when installed in an unconditioned space than when it is installed in the conditioned space. This is primarily due to the temperature of the conditioned air moving through the air handler and the air circulating around the unit where it is installed. For this reason, the following is recommended for all air handler applications, but special attention should be paid to those installed in unconditioned spaces:

- Duct sizing and airflow are critical and must be based on the equipment selected.
- Supply and return duct attachment: If other than the factory flanges are used, the attachment of ducting must be insulated and tight to prevent sweating.
- Apply caulking around all cabinet penetrations such as power wires, control wires, refrigerant tubing and condensate line where they enter the cabinet. Seal the power wires on the inside where they exit conduit opening. Sealing is required to prevent air leakage into the unit which can result in condensate forming inside the unit, control box, and on electrical controls. Take care not to damage, remove or compress insulation when applying the caulk.
- In some cases, the entire air handler can be wrapped with insulation. This can be
 done as long as the unit is completely enclosed in insulation, sealed and service
 access is provided to prevent accumulation of moisture inside the insulation wrap.
- An auxiliary overflow pan is recommended to protect the structure from excessive cabinet sweating or a restricted coil drain line. (See Section 3.3)

3.2.6 INSTALLATION IN CORROSIVE ENVIRONMENTS

The metal parts of this unit may be subject to rust or deterioration if exposed to a corrosive environment which can shorten its life. In addition to exposure to the exterior of the cabinet, chemical contaminants inside the building that can be drawn into the unit from the return air grille and attack structural metal parts, electrical components and the indoor coil, causing premature failure of the unit. If the unit is to be installed in an area where contaminants are likely to be a problem, special attention should be given to isolate the unit and return grille from contaminants.

3.3 AUXILIARY OVERFLOW PAN

In compliance with recognized codes, an auxiliary overflow pan must installed under all equipment containing evaporator coils that are located in any area of a structure where damage to the building or building contents may occur as a result of an overflow of the coil drain pan or a stoppage in the primary condensate drain piping.

3.4 CLEARANCES

A minimum of 24" is required on both sides of the air-handler for servicing the unit.

3.5 DUCTWORK

Field ductwork must comply with the National Fire Protection Association NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B and any applicable local ordinance.

WARNING

Do not, under any circumstances, connect return ductwork to any other heat producing device such as fireplace insert, stove, etc. Unauthorized use of such devices may result in fire, carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, personal injury or property damage.

Sheet metal ductwork run in unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier. Fibrous ductwork may be used if constructed and installed in accordance with SMACNA Construction Standard on Fibrous Glass Ducts. Ductwork must comply with National Fire Protection Association as tested by U/L Standard 181 for Class I Air Ducts. Check local codes for requirements on ductwork and insulation.

- Duct system must be designed within the range of external static pressure the unit is designed to operate against. It is important that the system airflow be adequate. Make sure supply and return ductwork, grills, filters, accessories, etc. are accounted for in total resistance. Refer to the airflow performance tables in this manual to determine the available external static pressure for the particular air-handler model being installed.
- Design the duct system in accordance with "ACCA" Manual "Q" Low Pressure. Low Velocity Duct System Design. Latest editions are available from: "ACCA" Air Conditioning Contractors of America, 1513 16th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036. If duct system incorporates flexible air duct, be sure pressure drop information (straight length plus all turns) shown in "ACCA" Manual "D" is accounted for in system.
- Supply plenum is attached to the duct flanges supplied with the unit.
- IMPORTANT: If an elbow is included in the plenum close to the unit, it must not be smaller than the dimensions of the supply duct flange on the unit.
- IMPORTANT: The front flange on the return duct if connected to the blower casing must not be screwed into the area where the power wiring is located. Drills or sharp screw points can damage insulation on wires located inside unit.
- Secure the supply and return ductwork to the unit flanges, using proper fasteners for the type of duct used and tape or caulk the duct-to-unit joint as required to prevent air leaks.

3.6 RETURN AIR FILTERS

NOTE: (-)HCLP2120 does not have an internal filter rack. (DETAILS IN SECTION 5.3)

An internal filter rack is provided that can be accessed by removing one or both of the side service access panels (See Section 2.7). Remove the hitch pins to remove the filter retainer angles. 1" thick throw-away fiberglass filters are provided from the factory, but the filter rack can accept up to 2" thick filters.

Reduced air-flow can reduce system performance and shorten the life of the system components such as the compressor, indoor coil, heater elements, over-temperature limits, and relays. Therefore, it is important to change the filters on a regular basis to assure optimum performance and reliability of the system.

IMPORTANT: High efficiency pleated filters typically have significantly higher pressure drop than standard efficiency fiberglass filters, especially when they become dirty. The additional pressure drop of such filters must be added into the external static pressure of the duct system when adjusting the air-flow of the air-handler.

WARNING: Do not operate the air-handler without filters. A portion of the dust entrained in the air may temporarily lodge in the duct runs and at the supply registers. Any circulating dust particles could be heated and charred by contact with the electric heating elements. This residue could soil ceilings, wall, carpets, and other articles inside the building. Operating the system without a filter will also allow lint and dirt particles to accumulate on the indoor oil fins and restrict air-flow through the coil.

3.7 REFRIGERANT LINE CONNECTIONS & CHARGING 3.7.1 PREPARATION

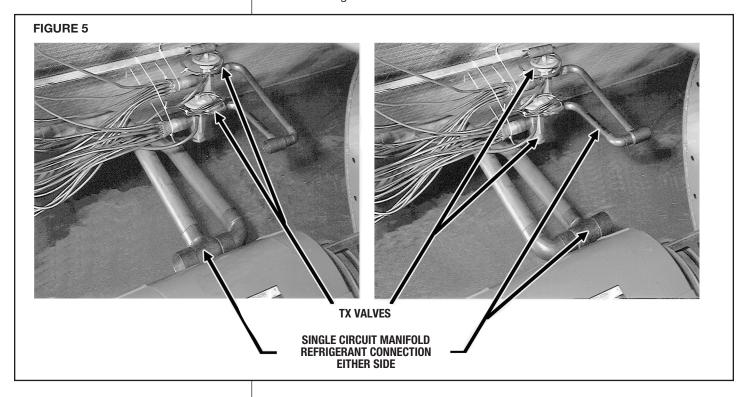
The coil is shipped with a low pressure (5-10 psig) charge of dry nitrogen which will be released when the rubber plugs are removed. Leave the rubber plugs in the refrigerant connection stubs on the air-handler until the refrigerant lines are ready to be brazed to the refrigerant connection stubs to prevent contaminants from entering the coil. Clean the ends of the tubing and coil connection stubs (inside and outside) with an alcohol wipe before inserting the line set tubes into the coil connection stubs to assure a quality leak-free braze joint.

Refer to the outdoor unit installation instructions for details on refrigerant line sizing and installation.

Route the refrigerant tubing in a manner than does not block service access to the front of the air-handler.

3.7.2 CONFIGURING AIR-HANDLER FOR A SINGLE OR DUAL REFRIGERANT CIRCUITS

All models are provided with dual circuit coil manifolds that can be configured for dual condensing unit applications. The coil is circuited to provide full face coil operation for each system. Knock-outs are provided on both sides of the unit to allow the refrigerant tubing to enter from either side. Remove the rubber grommets from the parts bag and install them in the appropriate holes prior to running the line set tubing into the cabinet to seal around and protect the tubing. Copper fittings are provided in the parts bag to allow the two refrigerant circuits to be tied together for single condensing unit applications. The fittings may be installed to allow the tubing to enter the unit from either side as shown in Figure 5.



3.7.3 REFRIGERANT LINES

The following will be of help in accomplishing a successful installation.

- 1. Size liquid line for no more than 50 PSIG pressure drop.
- Size suction lines for no more than 2°F loss which corresponds to approximately 5 PSIG pressure drop.
- 3. When evaporator is installed below condensing unit, do not exceed the recommended suction line O.D. This will insure adequate velocities for proper oil return.
- 4. Install strainer-drier and sight glass in liquid line.
- 5. Pitch all horizontal suction lines downward in the direction of flow.
- 6. When making up refrigerant piping, take every precaution to prevent dirt and moisture from entering the piping.
- 7. Locate the condensing unit and evaporator(s) as close together as possible to minimize piping runs.
- 8. A liquid line solenoid installed just ahead of the expansion valve is recommended.
- 9. See tables below for general refrigerant line sizing and equivalent length of valves and fittings.
- 10. Refer to the vapor and liquid line selection procedure and charts in the outdoor unit installation manual or literature for more specific refrigerant line sizing information. When dual outdoor units are matched with the air-handler using dual circuits, size the refrigerant lines for each system independently.

EQUIV. LENGTH TO	LIQUID LINE O.D.	SUCTION LINE O.D.		
EVAP. (FT.)	LINE O.D.	10 [35kW]		
0-50 [0-15m]	5/8 [26mm]	1 3/8 [35mm]		
51-100 [16-30m]	5/8 [26mm]	1 5/8 [41mm]		
101-150 [31-46m]	5/8 [26mm]	1 5/8 [41mm]		

EQUIVALENT LENGTH, FT. [m] OF STRAIGHT TYPE "L" TUBING FOR NON-FERROUS VALVES AND FITTINGS (BRAZED)									
TUBE SIZE INCHES [mm] O.D.	SOLE- NOID VALVE	l	GLE LVE	SHORT RADIUS ELL	LONG RADIUS ELL	TEE LINE FLOW	TEE BRANCH FLOW		
1/2 [13]	12 [3.7]	8.3	[2.5]	1.6 [0.5]	1.0 [0.3]	1.0 [0.3]	3.1 [0.9]		
5/8 [16]	15 [4.6]	10.4	[3.2]	1.9 [0.8]	1.2 [0.4]	1.2 [0.4]	3.6 [1.1]		
3/4 [19]	18 [5.5]	12.5	[3.8]	2.1 [0.7]	1.4 [0.4]	1.4 [0.4]	4.2 [1.3]		
7/8 [22]	21 [6.4]	14.8	[4.4]	2.4 [0.7]	1.6 [0.5]	1.6 [0.5]	4.8 [1.5]		
11/8 [29]	12 [3.7]	18.8	[5.7]	3.0 [0.9]	2.0 [0.6]	2.0 [0.6]	6.0 [1.8]		
13/8 [35]	15 [4.6]	22.9	[7.0]	3.6 [1.1]	2.4 [0.7]	2.4 [0.7]	7.2 [2.2]		
15/8 [41]	18 [5.5]	27.1	[8.3]	4.2 [1.3]	2.8 [0.8]	2.8 [0.8]	8.4 [2.6]		
21/8 [54]	21 [6.4]	35.4	[10.8]	5.3 [1.6]	3.5 [1.1]	3.5 [1.1]	10.7 [3.3]		

3.7.4 LIQUID LINE FILTER DRIER

A new liquid filter drier must be installed every time any part of the system has been open to the atmosphere, even if it's for a short period of time. The filter drier should be installed close to the air-handler for a system started up in the cooling mode and near the outdoor unit for a heat pump system started up in the heating mode. This allows the filter drier to catch any contaminants in the liquid line before they can enter the indoor or outdoor TXV inlet screen. A filter drier must be installed in the liquid line of each circuit for dual circuit applications.

3.7.5 BRAZING

Air inside the tubing and coil should be displaced with dry nitrogen prior to the brazing process to prevent the formation of harmful copper oxide inside the tubing. It is very important not to pressurize the system with nitrogen while brazing or pin-hole leaks will form in the braze joint. This is accomplished by removing the gauge port valve core on one of the outdoor unit service valves to allow the pressure to be relieved as the heated nitrogen expands. Fill the system with dry nitrogen through the other service valve gauge port and then turn the nitrogen flow off just before brazing is begun.

Protect the TXV's and outdoor unit service valves from overheating using a wet rag or heat sink compound. Leave the wet rag or heat sink material in place until the joint and surrounding tubing cools down to a safe temperature. Double tip torches can help minimize brazing time and heat conduction to the heat sensitive components if the flame is turned down and held on the joint just long enough to make the braze joint. With both single and double tip torches, turning the flame up too much and keeping the flame on the joint too long will damage the heat sensitive components even when a wet rag or heat sink compound is used.

3.7.6 LEAK TESTING

After all braze joints are completed, replace the valve core removed when purging with nitrogen and then leak test the system by pressurizing to 150 psig with dry nitrogen and allow the system to sit for at least 15 minutes (longer if possible) to assure the pressure does not drop.

3.7.7 EVACUATION

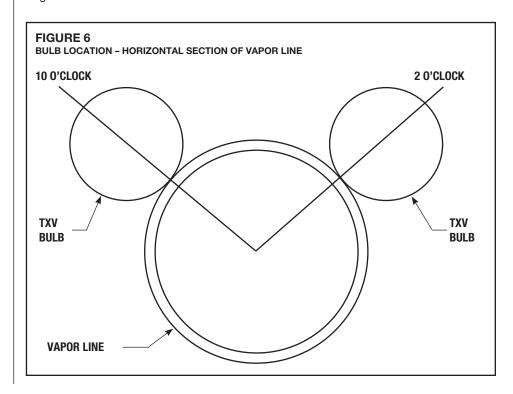
If no leaks are detected, open the outdoor unit service valves for outdoor units shipped with a nitrogen holding charge and evacuate the system down to 500 microns or below before charging the system. Failure to reach 500 microns of vacuum is a sign of a leak or excessive moisture inside the system. For outdoor units shipped charged with R-410A, do not open the service valves until the evacuation process is complete.

3.7.8 REFRIGERANT CHARGING

Once the evacuation process is completed, break the vacuum with the refrigerant from a refrigerant cylinder (or with refrigerant stored in the outdoor unit by opening the outdoor unit service valves if the outdoor unit is charged with R-410A). The charging process cannot be completed until the remaining steps in the installation process are completed and the indoor air-flow is adjusted to the proper level. See Section 4.4 for further details.

3.8 TXV SENSING BULB ATTACHMENT

IMPORTANT: DO NOT perform any brazing with the TXV bulb attached to the vapor line. After brazing operations have been completed and the tubing has cooled to the touch, clamp each TXV bulb securely on a horizontal section of its corresponding vapor line at the 10 to 2 o'clock position (see Figure 6) with the strap provided in the parts bag.



3.9 CONDENSATE DRAIN

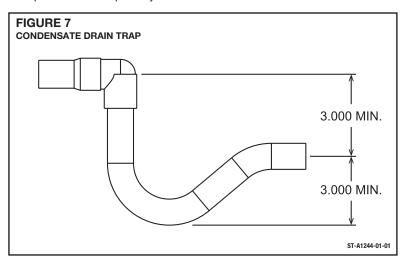
Two drain connections are provided, one on each side of the unit. Plug the unused drain connection using the plug provided in the parts bag.

Consult local codes or ordinances for specific requirements.

IMPORTANT: When making drain fitting connections to the drain pan, use a thin layer of Teflon paste, silicone or Teflon tape and install hand tight.

IMPORTANT: When making drain fitting connections to drain pan, do not overtighten. Overtightening fittings can split pipe connections on the drain pan.

- Install drain lines so they do not block service access to front of the unit. Minimum clearance of 24 inches is required for filter, coil or blower removal and service access.
- It is recommended that the air-handler cabinet be pitched slightly downward toward the primary drain connection to assure the condensate drains completely from the drain pan. The downward pitch should be approximately 1/8" per foot and in both axes.
- Do not reduce drain line size less than connection size provided on condensate drain pan.
- All drain lines must be pitched downward away from the unit a minimum of 1/8" per foot of line to ensure proper drainage.
- Do not connect condensate drain line to a closed or open sewer pipe. Run condensate to an open drain or outdoors.
- The drain line should be insulated where necessary to prevent sweating and damage due to condensate forming on the outside surface of the line.
- Make provisions for disconnecting and cleaning of the primary drain line should it become necessary. Install a 3 in. trap in the primary drain line as close to the unit as possible. Make sure that the top of the trap is below connection to the drain pan to allow complete drainage of pan (See Figure 7).
- Plug the unused drain connection with the plug provided in the parts bag, using a thin layer of teflon paste, silicone or teflon tape to form a water tight seal.
- Test the condensate drain pan and drain line after installation is complete. Pour
 water into drain pan, enough to fill drain trap and line. Check to make sure drain pan
 is draining completely, no leaks are found in drain line fittings, and water is draining
 from the open end of the primary drain line.



3.10 THERMOSTAT

See instructions for the condensing unit or heat pump for recommended room thermostats.

- Choose an appropriate thermostat for the application.
- The thermostat should be mounted 4 to 5 feet above the floor on an inside wall of the conditioned space or a hallway that has good air circulation from the other rooms being controlled by the thermostat. It is essential that there be free air circulation at the location of the same average temperature as other rooms being controlled. Movement of air should not be obstructed by furniture, doors, draperies, etc. The thermostat should not be mounted where it will be affected by drafts, hot or cold water pipes or air ducts in walls, radiant heat from fireplace, lamps, the sun, T.V. or an outside wall. See instruction sheet packaged with thermostat for mounting and installation instructions.

3.11 ELECTRICAL WIRING

Field wiring must comply with the National Electric Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local ordinance.

3.11.1 POWER WIRING

It is important that proper electrical power is available for connection to the unit model being installed. See the unit nameplate, wiring diagram and electrical data in the instal-

- · Install a circuit disconnect of adequate size, located within sight of, and readily accessible to the unit.
- IMPORTANT: Units with electric heater kits installed may be equipped with one or more branch circuit fuses. These fuses protect the internal wiring in the event of a short circuit.
- Supply circuit power wiring must be 75°C minimum copper conductors only. See Electrical Data in Sections 3.11.3 and 3.11.4 for ampacity, wire size and circuit protector requirement. Supply circuit protective devices may be either fuses or circuit breakers.

3.11.1.1 NO-HEAT APPLICATIONS

If electric heat is not installed, connect the incoming line voltage wires to the line voltage terminal block (TB1) inside the air-handler control box.

3.11.1.2 ELECTRIC HEAT APPLICATIONS

If an RXHE electric heater kit is installed, the blower motor contactor is provided in the heater kit with leads that must be routed to the air-handler control box and connected to the line voltage terminal block (TB1) inside the air-handler control box.

IMPORTANT: The variable speed Drive (VFD) must to powered continuously and controlled by the thermostat signals to prevent premature failure of the VFD.

Therefore, the blower motor power supply leads from the blower contactor located in the RXHE electric heat kit must be moved from the load side of the blower contactor (T1,T2,T3) to the line side of the blower connector (L1,L2,L3).

3.11.2 GROUNDING



▲ WARNING

The unit must be permanently grounded. Failure to do so can result in electrical shock causing personal injury or death.

- · This product must be sufficiently grounded in accordance with National Electrical Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local ordinance.
- Grounding may be accomplished by grounding metal conduit when installed in accordance with electrical codes to the unit cabinet.
- Grounding may also be accomplished by attaching ground wire to ground lug provided in the air-handler control box.

3.11.3 ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT

		L L		AIR	AIR HANDLER MOTOR	MOTOR		HEATER KIT	KIT .			Heating	Heating Capacity	MINIMUM	RECOMMENDED	MAXIMUM
CLAZIGNOC R. S. 2 460 3 47 RONI-DEGRODO 480 2 47 ANDI-DEGRODO 480 2 47 ANDI-DEGRODO 480 2 47 ANDI-DEGRODO 480 20 47 ANDI-DEGRODO 480 20 47 ANDI-DEGRODO 480 20 ANDI-DEGRODO		PACKAGE		VOLTS	PHASE	RATING PLATE AMPS	MOTOR	Model	Voltage	KW	Amps	KW	нам	CIRCUIT	WIRE SIZE/MAX. RUN IN FEET	PROTECTION AMP
R., S. 2 Z00220 3 47 RNHE-DEGOOA 200270 24,14.8 55,208.9 68.9 #14/165 T. 3 24 RNHE-DEGOOA 200270 23,14.9 16,23.28.8 6.89 #14/165 T. 3 24 RNHE-DEGOOA 200 0 23,7 22,2 68.9 23 #14/175 T. 3 200 0 3 23,7 23,1410 84.9 #14/175 T. 3 200 0 3 23,1410 86.9 35 44/175 R., S. 2 460 3 4.6 38.1 RNHE-DEGOOA 480 20 24,142 52.0 68.9 #14/165 R., S. 2 460 3 3 4.6 38.1 RNHE-DEGOOA 20.2 23,142 52.0 68.9 44/175 44/175 R., S. 2 460 3 3.4 RNHE-DEGOOA 20.2 23,142 52.0 68.9 44/175 44/1	AC														٠	
R. S. 2 460 3 6.2 47 RNHE-DEDGOOR 480 20 47 RNHE-DEDGOOR 480 10 480 87 44 110,258 17,41101 64,978 44,1755 T 3 24 RNHE-DEDGOOR 480 20 247 202 110,258 17,41101 64,978 444,1755 T 3 460 3 4,6 38,1 RNHE-DEDGOOR 260 247 202 66,970 110,258 17,41101 64,978 444,1755 R. S 2 460 3 4,6 38,1 RNHE-DEDGOOR 202 247 202 66,970 110,258 75,1101 64,1135 R. S 2 460 3 4,6 38,1 RNHE-DEDGOOR 202 247 202 66,970 110,258 75,1101 64,1755 R. S 2 460 3 3 4,6 38,1 RNHE-DEDGOOR 202 247 70,13 8										\cdot		•		∞		15
R. S. 2 460 3 3 24 RNHE-DEGROOM 480 20 24.7 20.2 68.9 35 44 44.17.55 T 3 208/200 3 24.7 20.2 68.9 35 44 17.5 44.0 35 44.7 17.5 44.0 17.2 44.0 35 44.7 17.2 48.9 35 22.4 20.2 48.9 35 44.1 35 44.1 44.0 35 22.7 10.0 3.6 44.1	(-)HCLA2090C		7	208/230	က	6.2	47	RXHE-DE020CA	208/240	20	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	65/69	#14 / 165	0/
R. S. 2 460 3 24 RXHE-DERZOLDA 480 20 35 2247 1013 46 414 1735 T 3 208220 3 24 RXHE-DERZOLDA 480 20 35 2247 1013 46 441 135 441 135 T 3 208220 3 460 38.1 RXHE-DERZOLDA 2002 20 431468 15602 20 205.08.9 68.7 441 135 441 135 R. S. 2 208220 3 24.6 38.1 RXHE-DERZOLA 2002 20 431468 15602 20 23.08.8 68.9 44 441 135 R. S. 2 460 3 3.8 RXHE-DERZOLA 2002 20 24.7 20.2 68.9 3.7 441 1455 R. S. 2 460 3 3.2 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DERZOLA 2002 20 24.7 20.2 68.9 3.7 441 1455 R. S. 2 4.60 3 3.2 4.6 48.0 20 24.7 20.2 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1								RXHE-DE030CA	208/240	30	60.8/70.2	11.0/29.6	75.1/101	84/96		100
Fig. 2 466 3 3 24 RNHE-DERDON 480 20 354 237 247 315 468 3 3 24 RNHE-DERDON 480 20 354 320 310														4		15
T 3 208230 3 9.2 74.5 RNHE-DEGROCK 208240 23 23 2460 3 46 38.1 RNHE-DEGROCK 208240 20 2471489 156,020 25,268.9 66/73 71,173 66/73 71,173 66/73 71,173 66/73 71,173 66/73 71,173 66/73 71,173	(-)HCLA2090D		7	460	က	က	74	RXHE-DE020DA	480	20	24.7	20.2	68.9	32	#14 / 275	40
T S 208230 S 446 S 447 S S T S S S T S S S							_	RXHE-DE030DA	480	30	35	29.7	101.3	48		50
T 3 208230 3 9.2 74.5 RNHE-DEGROOK 208240 20 43.1489 16.8072 53.208.9 66.673 74.103														12		15
T 3 460 3 4.6 38.1 RNHE-DEGODA 480 20 24.7 20.2 66.9 66.7 67.1 68.100	(-)HCLA2090C	-	က	208/230	က	9.2	74.5	RXHE-DE020CA	208/240	20	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	66/73	#14/135	80
T 3 460 3 4.6 38.1 RNHE-DEGORDA 4.0 3.7 7.0 5.0 6.0 3.7 44.1 (130) R., S 2 2008/230 3 4.6 38.1 RNHE-DEGORDA 4.00 3.0 3.7 10.13 8.0 3.7 44.1 (155) 8.0 9.7 4.4								RXHE-DE030CA	208/240	ಜ	60.8/70.2	11.0/29.6	75.1/101	88/100		100
T 3 460 3 46 38.1 RNHE-DEGORDA 480 20 24.7 20.2 66.9 37 #14/150 R. S 2 208230 3 6.2 47 RNHE-DEGORDA 480 20 24.7 42.9 53.7683 62.9 #14/165 R. S 2 208230 3 24 RNHE-DEGORDA 480 30 35 24.7 410.3 480 480 30 35 24.7 410.3 480 480 30 35 24.7 410.3 480 480 30 35 24.7 410.3 480 480 30 35 24.7 410.3 480 480 30 480 480 30 480														9		15
R. S. 2 200230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-DEGODGA 200240 3.5 23.7 101.3 6.0 R. S. 2 200230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-DEGODGA 200240 3.0 43.148.9 15.62.22 55.286.9 6.208 #14/165 T 3 46 3 2.4 RXHE-DEGODGA 200.7 10.02.0 66.9 3.9 #14/105 T 3 208.230 3 2.4 RXHE-DEGODGA 208.240 3.5 2.47 20.2 66.9 3.9 #14/105 T 3 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DEGODGA 208.240 20 24.7 20.2 66.9 48.4/105 R RXHE-DEGODGA 208.240 3 3 24.7 RXHE-DEGODGA 20.0 24.7 20.2 66.9 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165 47.4/165	(-)HCLA2090D	_	e	460	က	4.6	38.1	RXHE-DE020DA	480	20	24.7	20.2	68.9	37	#14/230	40
R, S 2 200230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-DEDONCA 2003240 30 45,146.9 15,620.2 55,206.9 #14/165 R, S 2 460 3 3 2.4 RXHE-DEDONCA 2003240 30 43,146.9 15,620.2 55,206.9 441/165 T 3 2.4 RXHE-DEGONCA 480 20 2.7 20.2 48.9 446 446 480 30 2.4 30 441/135			,		,	!		RXHE-DE030DA	480	30	35	29.7	101.3	20		20
R, S 2 208230 3 47 RXHE-DE020CA 208240 20 43.144.9 15.672.02 53.2266.9 62.89 47.1475 H4.175 R, S 2 460 3 3 2.4 RXHE-DE030CA 288240 30 6.57.02 14.175 44.175 T 3 2.46 3.8 RXHE-DE030CA 4.80 30 3.5 2.4.7 20.2 66.9 3.5 44.175 <			L											3 ∞		15
R. S. 2 460 3 3 24 RXHE-DEGROOM 20 24 7 20 24 20 24 24 24 24 24	JUCKON IJII		·	000/000	·	6	- 4	DVUE DEGOODA	01000	,	42 4 / 40 0	45 6/20 2	62 2/60 0	03/03	#44/165	2 02
T 3 2081230 3 3 24 RXHE-DEBOODA 480 247 202 689 35 4 414 775 78 78 78 78 78 78 7	(-)HCLAZ 120C		7	200/230	?	7.0	4	RXHE-DE020CA	208/240	3 8	60 8/70 2	13.0/20.2	75 1/101	84/96	C01 /+1+	0/1
T 3 2081230 3 3 24 RXHE-DEGADDA 480 30 35 247 101.3 48 414/175 414									21.1021	3	- 10100	0.02/0				45
The color of the	C000000	0	·	760	·	·		א מסכסבות	- 001		7 7 7		. 03	1 2	444/075	2 8
T 3 2081230 3 9.2 74.5 RYHE-DEDROCA 2081240 20 43.144.9 45.6170. 2 33.288.9 66773 414/135 414/135 460 3 4.6 38.1 RYHE-DEDROCA 2081240 20 24.7 20.2 68.9 37 414/135	(-) TCLAZ 120D	٥ ۲	7	400	?	?	- +7	KAHE-DE020DA	400	200	24./	20.7	90.9	ς γ	C/7/41#	40
T 3 208/230 3 4.6 73 74.5 RXHE-DE0RORA RATIONAL STATINGS 155.00. 15.670.2 53.208.9 66172 #14/135 #14/135 T 3 460 3 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DE0RORA RATION RATIONAL RATIONA								KAHE-DEUSUDA	460	DS	33	73.7	5.101	40		nc Ü
Taggram Tagg		ı								•		•		12		30
T 3 460 3 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DE030CA 208/240 30 60.8/70.2 10.0/23.6 75.1/101 88/100 8/1	(-)HCLA2120C	_	က	208/230	က	9.5	74.5	RXHE-DE020CA	208/240	70	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	66/73	#14/135	80
T 3 460 3 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DE0ZODA 480 20 2.7 70.2 68.9 67 414/230 414/165 41								RXHE-DE030CA	208/240	စ္က	60.8/70.2	11.0/29.6	75.1/101	88/100		100
T 3 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DE0200A 480 20 24.7 20.2 68.9 37 #14/1230 R 2 208/230 3 4.6 38.1 RXHE-DE030DA 480 30 35 29.7 101.3 50 R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 30 60.70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 83/95 #14/165 R 2 208/230 3 24 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14/1755 S 3 208/230 3 2 RXHE-CE040DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14/175 S 3 460 3 4.0 48 40 136.5 64 #14/135 S 3 460 3 4.0 48 40 136.5 64 #14/135 S 3 4.1<										·				9		15
RATHELEDISORDA 480 30 35 29.7 101.3 50 RATHELEDISORDA 480 30 35 29.7 101.3 50 RATHELEDISORCA 2081240 40 6.7 2.16.28 7.7 44/165 44/1/165 RATHELEDISORCA 2081240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 141/1728 44/1/165 RATHELEDISORCA 2081240 40 48 40 136.5 64 41/1/1728 41/1/1728 S 3 208/230 3 8.7 RATHELEDISORCA 2081240 30 40 136.5 14/1/135 41/1/135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RATHELEDISORCA 2081240 40 136.5 14/1/135 41/1/135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RATHELEDISORCA 2081240 40 18.5 66 41/1/135 41/1/135 T 4 4 4 4 4	(-)HCLA2120D	_	က	460	က	9.4	38.1	RXHE-DE020DA	480	20	24.7	20.2	68.9	37	#14 / 230	40
R 2 2081230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE030CC 2081240 30 6070 21,6128.8 73,7198.5 47 47 1465 414 165 R 2 460 3 3 24 RXHE-CE030CC 2081240 30 35 2.8.8 98.3 47 #14 175 114 175 S 3 2081230 3 2.8 2.8.8 98.3 47 #14 175 114 175 S 3 2081230 3 4.1 RXHE-CE030CC 2081240 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14 135 S 3 460 3 4.1 2.8 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14 135 S 3 460 3 4.1 2.8 RXHE-CE030CC 2081240 40 83.96 39.40 #14 135 #14 135 S 3 460 3 4.1 2.8 RXHE-CE030CC 2081240							_	RXHE-DE030DA	480	30	35	29.7	101.3	20		50
R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 60/70 21,612.88 73,798.3 83/96 #14/165 R 4 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102,4136.5 11/128 #14/165 S 3 4 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14/175 S 3 8.7 FXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14/175 S 3 4.0 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 88.96 74/141 #14/135 S 3 4.0 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 83/96 71/1136 #14/135 S 3 4.0 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14/130 S 3 4.0 3														7		15
R 2 460 3 3 24 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 3040 102,4136.5 111/128 S 3 2 4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14/275 11 S 3 2.08/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 30 60/70 21,6128.8 73.7/98.3 86/99 #14/135 11 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 56 28.8 98.3 49 #14/135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14/135 140/240 140 48 40 136.5 65 #14/135 140/240 140 48 40 136.5 65 #14/135 140/240 48 40 136.5 65 #14/135	(-)HCLA2150C	œ	7	208/230	က	6.2	47	RXHE-CE030CC	208/240	30	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	83/95	#14 / 165	100
R 2 460 3 3 24 RXHECE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 47 #14/275 S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHECE030DC 208/240 48 40 136.5 64 #14/135 S 3 4.0 3 4.1 28.4 RXHECE030CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 115/131 RXHECE030CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 115/131 RXHECE040CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 49 #14/130 T 5 208/230 3 4.0 136.5 136.5 136.4 #14/130 #14/130 T 5 208/230 3 4.0 4.0 4.8 4.0 136.5 12/137 #14/145 T 5 208/230 3 4.0 136.5 136.4 #14/165 #14/165								RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	40	83/96	30/40	102.4/136.5	111/128		150
R 2 460 3 3 24 RXHE-CE03DDC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 47 #14 / 275 S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE04DDC 480 40 48 40 136.5 64 #14 / 135 S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE03DCC 208/240 40 87.96 73.7/198.3 86/99 #14 / 135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE03DCC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14 / 135 T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE04DCC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14 / 185 T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE04DCC 208/240 40 136.5 11/137 #14 / 185 T 460 3 6.3 40 88/	,													4		15
S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE040DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 64 S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21,6/28.8 73.7198.3 86/99 #14/135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102,4/136.5 115/131 T 5 208/230 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14/1230 T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21,6/28.8 73.7198.3 92/105 // 150 T 5 208/230 3 47.5 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 102,4/136.5 11/1737 R 6 3 47.5 RXHE-CE030CC	(-)HCLA2150D	œ	7	460	က	က	74	RXHE-CE030DC	480	30	35	28.8	98.3	47	#14 / 275	20
S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 86/99 #14/135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 86/99 #14/135 T 5 208/230 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 49 #14/230 T 5 208/230 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14/130 T 5 460 3 6.3 RXHE-CE040DC 208/240 30 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 /150 T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE040DC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14/185 R 2 208/230 3								RXHE-CE040DC	480	40	48	40	136.5	64		20
S 3 208/230 3 8.7 56 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 86/99 #14 / 135 #14 / 135 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 115/131 #14 / 130 S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14 / 230 T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE040DC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 / 150 T 5 208/230 3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 121/137 / 150 R 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14 / 185 #14 / 185 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>20</td>											•			11		20
S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 115/131 T 5 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 49 #14/230 T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 //150 T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 121/137 //150 T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14/185 R 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14/185 R 2 208/230 3 6.2 48 40 48 40 136.5 68	(-)HCLA2150C	S	က	208/230	က	8.7	26	RXHE-CE030CC	208/240	30	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	66/98	#14/135	100
S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 49 #14/230 #14/230 T 5 208/230 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE040DC 480 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14/230 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>RXHE-CE040CC</td><td>208/240</td><td>40</td><td>83/96</td><td>30/40</td><td>102.4/136.5</td><td>115/131</td><td></td><td>150</td></td<>								RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	40	83/96	30/40	102.4/136.5	115/131		150
S 3 460 3 4.1 28.4 RXHE-CE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 49 #14 / 230 T 5 208/230 3 4.1 24.0 48 40 48 40 136.5 65 #14 / 1230 T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 / 150 T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14 / 185 R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47.5 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14 / 165 R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14 / 165 R 2 208/230 3									•			•		2		15
T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE040DC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 / 150	(-)HCLA2150D	တ	က	460	က	4.1	28.4	RXHE-CE030DC	480	30	35	28.8	98.3	49	#14 / 230	20
T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 /150 /150 /150 /150 /150 /150 /150								RXHE-CE040DC	480	40	48	40	136.5	65		20
T 5 208/230 3 13.6-12.6 86-95 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 92/105 #10.4401#12														17	1 410/0/0/#10	40
T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 121/137 / 130	(-)HCLA2150C	-	2	208/230	က	13.6-12.6	86-92	RXHE-CE030CC	208/240	30	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	92/105	71#/047/01#	110
T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 52 #14/185								RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	40	83/96	30/40	102.4/136.5	121/137	061	150
T 5 460 3 6.3 47.5 RXHE-CE030DC 480 30 35 28.8 98.3 52 #14/185 #14/185														8		15
R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE040DC 208/240 40 48 40 136.5 68 #14/165 #1	(-)HCLA2150D	-	2	460	က	6.3	47.5	RXHE-CE030DC	480	30	35	28.8	98.3	52	#14/185	09
R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 83/95 #14 / 165 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 111/128								RXHE-CE040DC	480	9	48	40	136.5	89		70
R 2 208/230 3 6.2 47 RXHE-CE030CC 208/240 30 60/70 21.6/28.8 73.7/98.3 83/95 #14 / 165 H14 / 165 RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 111/128			L									<u> </u>		_		15
RXHE-CE040CC 208/240 40 83/96 30/40 102.4/136.5 111/128	(-)HCLA2180C	~	7	208/230	က	6.2	47	RXHE-CE030CC	208/240	30	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	83/95	1 #14 / 165	100
		:	1			!	:	RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	40	83/96	30/40	102 4/136 5	111/128		150

3.11.3 ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT

Ī.	L		AIR	AIR HANDLER MOTOR	MOTOR		HEATER KIT	KIT .			Heating	Heating Capacity	MINIMUM	RECOMMENDED	MAXIMUM
NUMBER	DRIVE PACKAGE	hр	VOLTS	PHASE	RATING PLATE AMPS	MOTOR	Model	Voltage	KW	Amps	KW	MBH	CIRCUIT	MINMOM COPPER WIRE SIZE/MAX. RUN IN FEET	OVERCURRENI PROTECTION AMP
AC															
									·				4		15
(-)HCLA2180D	œ	7	460	က	က	24.0	RXHE-CE030DC	480	္က	35	28.8	98.3	47	#14 / 275	20
							RXHE-CE040DC	480	4	48	40	136.5	64		20
									·				=		20
(-)HCLA2180C	S	ო	208/230	က	8.7	29	RXHE-CE030CC	208/240	99	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	66/98	#14 / 135	100
1	•			,	;	}	RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	9	83/96	30/40	102.4/136.5	115/131		150
													2		15
(-)HCLA2180D	S	က	460	က	4.1	28.4	RXHE-CE030DC	480	30	35	28.8	98.3	49	#14 / 230	20
1	•			,	:		RXHE-CE040DC	480	40	48	40	136.5	65		02
													42		25
JUCI 02480C	-	ĸ	208/230	~	12 6-12 G	86.05	DYHE-CEN30CC	0/6/806	, %	60/70	24 6/28 8	73 7/08 3	02/405	#10/240/#12	140
2001 ZAJ2H(-)	-	,	007/007	?	13.0-12.0	- C6-00	TANE-CE030CC	200/240	3	0//00	20/40	13.1/30.3	404 407	/ 150	110
		1					KAHE-CEU4UCC	708/240	40	83/90	30/40	102.4/130.3	121/13/		0CL
									•				∞		15
(-)HCLA2180D	—	ა	460	က	6.3	47.5	RXHE-CE030DC	480	8	35	28.8	98.3	25	#14 / 185	09
							RXHE-CE040DC	480	40	48	40	136.5	89		20
													17	07# / 070 / 07#	25
(-)HCLA2240C	~	2	208/230	က	13.6-12.6	86-95	RXHE-CE030CC	208/240	30	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	92/105	1#10/2401#	110
							RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	40	83/96	30/40	102.4/136.5	121/137	061.	150
													∞		15
(-)HCLA2240D	~	2	460	က	6.3	47.5	RXHE-CE030DC	480	30	35	28.8	98.3	52	#14 / 185	09
	:			,	:	!	RXHE-CE040DC	480	40	48	40	136.5	89		02
													26		20
(-)HCI A2240C	S	7.5	208/230	~	21.0-19.2	115-127	RXHF-CF030CC	208/240	30	02/09	21.6/28.8	73.7/98.3	102/114	#10/120	120
				,		<u>.</u>	RXHE-CE040CC	208/240	40	83/96	30/40	102.4/136.5	130/147		150
													12		15
(-)HCLA2240D	S	7.5	460	က	9.6	63.5	RXHE-CE030DC	480	30	35	28.8	98.3	26	#14 / 135	09
							RXHE-CE040DC	480	8	48	40	136.5	72		80
HP															
													∞		15
(-)HCLP2090C	ջ ՝	7	208/230	က	6.2	47	RXHE-DE20CA	208/240	70	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	65/69	#14 / 165	20
							RXHE-DE30CA	208/240	8	60.8/70.2	11.0/29.6	75.1/101	84/96		100
											•		4		15
(-)HCLP2090D	ռ Տ՝	7	460	က	က	7	RXHE-DE020DA	480	70	24.7	20.2	68.9	32	#14 / 275	40
							RXHE-DE030DA	480	30	35	29.7	101.3	48		20
													12		15
(-)HCLP2090C	-	ო	208/230	က	9.5	74.5	RXHE-DE20CA	208/240	20	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	66/73	#14 / 135	80
							RXHE-DE30CA	208/240	8	60.8/70.2	11.0/29.6	75.1/101	88/100		100
									٠				9		15
(-)HCI P2090D	-	~	460	~	4.6	38.1	RXHF-DF020DA	480	2	24.7	20.2	689	37	#14/230	40
	-	,	}	>	}	- - -	RXHE-DE030DA	480	3 00	35	29.7	101.3	20		20
													~		15
(-)HCLP2120C	2	2	208/230	က	6.2	47	RXHE-DE20CA	208/240	20	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	65/69	#14/165	02
)))))))	:			,	1	:	RXHE-DE30CA	208/240	<u>چ</u>	60 8/70 2	11 0/29 6	75 1/101	84/96		100

3.11.3 ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT

i	Ļ		AIR	AIR HANDLER MOTOR	MOTOR		HEATER KIT	KIT			Heating	Heating Capacity	MINIMOM	RECOMMENDED	MAXIMUM
MODEL NUMBER F	DRIVE PACKAGE	ф	VOLTS	hp VOLTS PHASE	RATING PLATE AMPS	MOTOR	Model	Voltage	KW	Amps	KW	MBH	CIRCUIT	MINMUM COPPER WIRE SIZE/MAX. RUN IN FEET	OVERCURRENI PROTECTION AMP
웊															
		Г							•				4		15
(-)HCLP2120D	~	7	460	က	က	74	RXHE-DE020DA	480	20	24.7	20.2	68.9	35	#14 / 275	40
							RXHE-DE030DA	480	30	35	29.7	101.3	48		20
									•				12		15
-)HCLP2120C S,T		m	208/230	က	9.5	74.5	RXHE-DE20CA	208/240	20	43.1/48.9	15.6/20.2	53.2/68.9	66/73	#14 / 135	80
							RXHE-DE30CA	208/240	30	60.8/70.2	11.0/29.6	75.1/101	88/100		100
													9		15
-)HCLP2120D S,T	_	က	460	က	4.6	38.1	RXHE-DE020DA	480	20	24.7	20.2	68.9	37	#14 / 230	40
							RXHE-DE030DA	480	30	35	29.7	101.3	20		20

3.11.4 COPPER WIRE SIZE - AWG. (3% VOLTAGE DROP)

00	00	00	00	175		
0	0	0	0	150		
1	-	-	1	125		
2	2	2	2	110		
2	3	က	3	100		
3	3	က	3	90		NG.
3	4	4	4	80		UM RATII CABLE, S DUCTOR.
4	4	4	4	20		NDUCTORS 75°C MINIMUM RATII ORS IN A RACEWAY OR CABLE, { APACITY OF EACH CONDUCTOR.
4	9	9	9	60	SUPPLY CIRCUIT AMPACITY	WIRE BASED ON COPPER CONDUCTORS 75°C MININ FOR MORE THAN 3 CONDUCTORS IN A RACEWAY OI N.E.C. FOR DERATING THE AMPACITY OF EACH CON
9	9	9	9	50	IRCUIT A	WIRE BASED ON COPPER CONDUCT FOR MORE THAN 3 CONDUCTORS IN N.E.C. FOR DERATING THE AMPACII
9	9	œ	8	45	UPPLY C	COPPER 3 CONDI TING THE
9	8	æ	8	40	0,	WIRE BASED ON COPPER CON FOR MORE THAN 3 CONDUCTON I.E.C. FOR DERATING THE AM
8	8	œ	8	35		
8	10	10	10	30		NOTE:
8	10	10	10	25		
10	10	12	12	20		
12	12	14	14	15		
200 [61]	150 [46]	100 [30]	50 [15]			
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3.11.5 ELECTRIC HEATER KIT IDENTIFICATION LABEL

Mark the appropriate box on the Electric Heater Kit Identification Label (See Figure 8 below) located on the air-handler cabinet for the benefit and safety of future service technicians.

FIGURE 8

SUITABLE FOR USE WITH HEATERS KITS

INSTALLER TO INDICATE WHICH HEATER IF ANY HAS BEEN INSTALLED. REFERENCE HEATER KIT RATING PLATE FOR BRANCH CIRCUIT DATA IF OPTIONAL HEATER KIT IS INSTALLED.

NO SUPPLEMENTARY ELECTRIC HEAT INSTALLED □

RXHE-DE020CA □

RXHE-DE030CA □

RXHE-DE020DA□

RXHE-DE030DA□

RXHE-CE030CC □

RXHE-CE040CC □

RXHE-CE030DC □

RXHE-CE040DC □

3.11.6 CONTROL WIRING

IMPORTANT: Class 2 low voltage control wire should not be run in conduit with power wiring and must be separated from power wiring unless class 1 wire of proper voltage rating is used. After installation, confirm separation of control and power wiring has been maintained. Low voltage control wiring must be 18 awg and color coded. For lengths longer than 100 ft., refer to Table 1 below for the correct control wire sizing.

TABL	.E 1						
FIELD	WIRE SIZE FO	R 24 VOLT THE	RMOSTAT CIF	CUITS			
J mps	3	SOLID C	OPPER W	IRE - AW	G.		
1	3.0	16	14	12	10	10	10
=	2.5	16	14	12	12	10	10
tets	2.0	18	16	14	12	12	10
8		50	100	150	200	250	300

Length of Run - Feet (1)

(1) Wire length equals twice the run distance.

NOTE: Do not use control wiring smaller than No. 18 AWG between thermostat and outdoor unit.

3.11.6.1 NO-HEAT APPLICATIONS

The appropriate thermostat control wires (C, G, Y2) must also be connected to the low voltage terminal block (TB2) located on the outside of the air-handler control box. Knockouts are provided on each side of the air-handler for connecting low voltage conduit or plastic bushing. Refer to the wiring connection diagrams in Section 3.11.8 for typical wiring connections for non-electric heat applications.

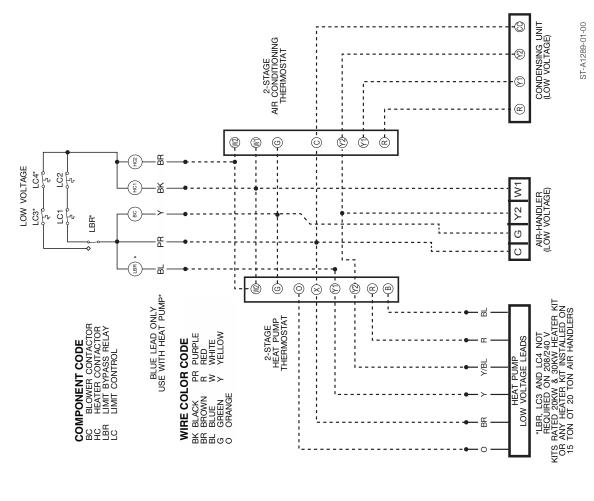
3.11.6.2 ELECTRIC HEAT APPLICATIONS

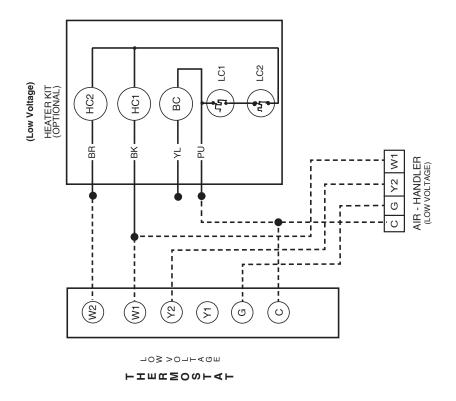
The appropriate thermostat control wires must be connected to the thermostat pigtails on the heater kit and to the C, G, Y2, and W1 terminals on the low voltage terminal block located on the outside of the air handler control box. Refer to the wiring connection diagrams in Section 3.11.8 for typical wiring connections for electric heat applications.

3.11.6.3 CONFIGURING OUTDOOR UNIT TRANSFORMER FOR 208V APPLICATIONS

For 208V applications, the control transformer in the outdoor unit will need to be re-configured to assure adequate secondary control voltage (24V). Refer to the outdoor unit installation manual, wiring diagram, and/or the transformer label for reconfiguring the transformer for 208V applications.

3.11.8 WIRING CONNECTION DIAGRAMS





NOTE: INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR OPERATES AT FULL SPEED FOR 2ND STAGE COOLING AND FOR BOTH STAGES OF ELECTRIC HEAT.

** IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT OPTIONAL HEATER KIT: (SEE ATTACHED TEXT)

25

3.12 AIR-FLOW

The air-handler is equipped with a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) that provides a reduction in air-flow in the continuous fan mode, 1st stage cooling mode, and 1st stage heat pump heating mode.

Full air-flow is delivered for the 2nd stage of cooling mode, 2nd stage of heat pump heating mode, and all stages of electric heat. The VFD output frequency and air-flow level is based on the 24VAC thermostat inputs. Energizing the G low voltage terminal located on the air-handler low voltage terminal block causes the VFD to operate at 37.5 Hz (63% of full air-flow). Energizing the Y2 or W1 terminals on the low voltage terminal block causes the VFD to operate at 60Hz (full air-flow). The VFD is programmed at the factory for optimum performance and therefore requires no adjustment when air-handler is installed.

The blower performance charts in Section 3.12.2 is based on a dry coil with the factory 1" fiberglass filters in place and the VFD operating at 60Hz (100%). A component resistance chart is provided in Section 3.12.3 to provide the pressure drop for the various accessories that will need to be added to the external static pressure of the duct system before selecting a drive package and motor sheave setting. Keep in mind that high efficiency pleated filters will likely have more pressure drop than the factory filters, so that additional pressure drop will also need to be taken into account. Refer to the filter manufacturer's pressure drop data for more information.

3.12.1 DRIVE PACKAGE DATA

(-)HCLA2090 & (-)HCLP2090 Drive Package Data (2nd Stage Operation)

		Sheave	Selection									
Drive	Moto	or	Blow	/er	Belt	Motor		Aproximate B	lower Rpm @	Moter Shear	ve Turns Oper	1
	Part No.	Dia	Part No.	Dia		HP/[KW]	0	1	2	3	4	5
R	1VP50	4.75	AK104	10.25	A50	2 [1491.4]	801	768	732	696	662	627
S	1VL-44	4.15	AK71H	6.95	A44	2 [1491.4]	998	955	911	865	819	773
T	1VL-44	4.15	AK59	5.75	A42	3 [2237.1]	1220	1164	1109	1049	990	926
U	1VP-65	6.5	AK79	7.75	A48	3 [2237.1]	1322	1280	1240	1197	1153	1109

(-)HCLP2120 Drive Package Data (2nd Stage Operation)

			Sheave	Selection									
ſ	Drive	Moto	or	Blow	/er	Belt	Motor		Aproximate B	lower Rpm @	Moter Sheav	ve Turns Oper	1
		Part No.	Dia	Part No.	Dia		HP/[KW]	0	1	2	3	4	5
	Q	IVP50	4.75	AK104	10.25	A50	2 [1491.4]	796	764	731	698	664	630
	R	IVP56	5.35	AK104	10.25	A52	2 [1491.4]	903	870	835	802	796	735
	S	IVP44	4.15	AK71	6.95	A44	3 [2237.1]	1013	963	917	869	821	771
ſ	T	IVP65	6.5	AK84	8.25	A49	3 [2237.1]	1251	1211	1172	1129	1087	1044

(-)HCLA2120 Drive Package Data (2nd Stage Operation)

		Sheave	Selection									
Drive	Moto	or	Blow	er	Belt	Motor		Aproximate B	lower Rpm @	Moter Sheav	ve Turns Oper	i
	Part No.	Dia	Part No.	Dia		HP/[KW]	0	1	2	3	4	5
Q	IVP50	4.75	AK104	10.25	A50	2 [1491.4]	801	768	732	696	662	627
R	IVP50	4.75	AK84	8.25	A47	2 [1491.4]	970	935	896	856	815	775
S	IVP44	4.15	AK59	5.75	A42	3 [2237.1]	1220	1164	1109	1049	990	926
T	IVP65	6.5	AK79	7.75	A48	3 [2237.1]	1322	1280	1240	1197	1153	1109

(-)HCLA2150 Drive Package Data (2nd Stage Operation)

		Sheave	Selection									
Drive	Motor	ı	Blower		Belt	Motor	Apro	ximate Blo	wer Rpm @	Moter Sh	eave Turns	Open
	Part No.	Dia	Part No.	Dia		HP/[KW]	0	1	2	3	4	5
R	1VL44 7/8	4.15	BK120SP 1.0"	11.75	B52	2 [1491.4]	650	630	606	579	551	522
S	IVL50 7/8	4.75	BK120SP 1.0"	11.75	B52	3 [2237.1]	746	723	699	670	644	617
T	1VP50 1 1/8	4.75	BK100SP	9.75	B46	5 [2237.1]	877	840	840	766	803	694

3.12.1 DRIVE PACKAGE DATA (Cont.)

(-)HCLA2180 Drive Package Data (2nd Stage Operation)

		Sheave S	Selection]							
Drive	Motor		Blower		Belt	Motor	Apro	ximate Blo	wer Rpm @	Moter Sh	eave Turns	Open
	Part No.	Dia	Part No.	Dia		HP/[KW]	0	1	2	3	4	5
R	1VL44 7/8"	4.15	BK120SP 1.0"	11.75	B52	2 [1491.4]	654	632	609	581	555	527
S	IVL50 7/8"	4.75	BK120SP 1.0"	11.75	B52	3 [2237.1]	751	729	705	678	650	622
T	1VP50 1-1/8"	4.75	BK100SP	9.75	A45	5 [2237.1]	903	874	840	804	768	731

(-)HCLA2240 Drive Package Data (2nd Stage Operation)

		Sheave S	Selection									
Drive	Motor		Blower		Belt	Motor	Apro	ximate Blo	wer Rpm @	Moter Sh	eave Turns	Open
	Part No.	Dia	Part No.	Dia		HP/[KW]	0	1	2	3	4	5
R	1VP56 1-1/8"	5.35	BK120SP 1.0"	11.75	B50	5 [1491.4]	832	805	776	745	715	684
S	2VL60 1-3/8	6	2BK110 2SS 1.0"	10.75	B48	7.5 [2237.1]	970	939	906	874	840	809
Т	2VL60 1-3/8	6	2BK100 2SS 1.0"	10.75	B46	7.5 [2237.1]	1063	1032	997	963	927	892

3.12.2 AIR-FLOW PERFORMANCE DATA (DRY COIL) - (-)HCLA2090 & (-)HCLP2090

			5		77	32	72	27	E	0	6	72	0		JN		
			2.0 [.50]	A W	1497	5 1582	5 1672	1767	5 1867	1970	5 2079	5 2192	5 2310	5 2432		-	-
				RPM	3 1237	5 1246	1256	7 1266	1276	1286	0 1296	0 1306	1316	3 1326		- 91	ı
			[.47]	≯	1513	1595	1681	171	1814	1914	2020	2130	2244	2363	2487	261	
			1.9	RPM	1214	1222	1230	1242	1252	1262	1272	1282	1293	1303	1314	1324	Ι
			[.45]	W	1449	1528	1611	1699	1791	1888	1959	2066	2177	2293	2413	2538	2668
			1.8	RPM	1185	1193	1202	1210	1219	1228	1248	1258	1268	1279	1290	1300	1311
			[.42]	Μ	1387	1463	1542	1627	1716	1810	1908	2011	2119	2222	2339	2461	2587
			1.7 [.42]	RPM	1156	1164	1173	1182	1191	1200	1209	1219	1229	1254	1265	1276	
			[.40]	×	1327	1399	1476	1557	1643	1733	1828	1928	2033	2142	2255	2382	2505 1287
			1.6	RPM	1126	1135	1144	1153	1162	1172	1181	1191	1201	1211	1221	1250	
			[.37]	W	1268 1	1337 1	1411 1	1489 1	1571	1658 1	1750 1	1847 1	1948 1	2054 1	2164 1	2279 1	2708 1186 2303 1214 2399 1261
M			1.5 [RPM	1096 13	1105 13	1114 1	1124 1	1133	1142	1152	1162	1172	1182	1193	1203 27	214 23
FLC			[.35]	W	1212 10	1277 I	1347 1	1422 I	1501 I	1585 1	1674 I	1767 1	1865 1	1968 I	2075 I:	2187 I	303 T
DEI			1.4 [.	RPM \	1066 12	1075 12	1084 13	1094	1103 16	1113 15	1123 16	33 17	1143 18	1154 19	1164 20	1175 21	86 23
SI											99 11	1689 1133	34 11	1883 11		36 11	38 11
			1.3 [.32]	W	1157	4 1219	4 1286	3 1357	3 1433	3 1514	3 1599		4 1784		1987	6 2096	14 270
HZ				RPM	3 1035	2 1044	6 1054	4 1063	7 1073	4 1083	6 1093	3 1104	5 1114	1 1125	1 1135	6 1146	2 120
RMANCE — 7.5 TON [26.4kW] — 60 Hz — SIDEFLOW		[kPa]	1.2 [.30]	W	1103	3 1162	3 1226	3 1294	3 1367	3 1444	1526	4 1613	1705	5 1801	1901	7 2006	1147 2499 1175 2602 1204
		External Static Pressure — Inches of Water [kPa]		RPM	5 1004	5 1013	1023	3 1033	2 1043	3 1053	5 1063	1074	7 1084	1095	7 1106	9 1117) 117
[W]		s of M	1.1 [.27]	Μ	1095	1145	1200	1233	1302	1376	1455	1539	1627	1720	1817	1919	2496
.4k		ıche		RPM	362	1004	1012	1001	1012	1022	1032	1043	1054	1065	1076	1088	1147
[26		4 — e	[.25]	Μ	1036	1084	1138	1197	1261	1331	1406	1466	1551	1640	1735	1833	2397
Z		ssur	1.0	RPM	626	896	<i>LL</i> 6	286	966	1006	1016	1012	1023	1035	1046	1057	1118
12		c Pre	[.22]	W	9/6	1023	1075	1133	1196	1264	1338	1416	1500	1590	1654	1749	2296 1118 2397
7.5		Stati	0.0	RPM	921	931	941	951	362	973	983	994	1005	1017	1015	1027	1088
1		erna	[.20]	W	915	196	1012	1068	1130	1196	1269	1346	1429	1516	1610	1708	1058 2198 1088
CE		Ext	0.8	RPM	883	893	904	915	927	938	950	961	973	985	866	1010	1058
AN			0.7 [.17]	M	854	868	948	1003	1063	1128	1199	1275	1356	1442	1534	1631	
W.	2		0.7	RPM	843	855	298	878	830	903	915	928	940	953	996	979	1028 2101
	H 09		[.15]	W	792	835	883	936	362	1059	1128	1203	1283	1368	1458	1554	2006
AIRFLOW PERFO	ohase		0.6		803	815	828	840	823	998	879	893	906	920	934	948	997 2
ΝF	-3			RPM			_		_						_		
0	0, 46(0.5 [.12]	M W	7 745	06/ 0	3 838	9 890	5 926	686 6	3 1057	7 1130	1208	5 1292	1381	5 1475	2026
IRF	208/23			RPM	192	780	793	908	815	829	843	9 857	3 871	988 9	3 900	6 915	0 991
A	tage 2		[.10]	Μ	969	741	788	839	893	951	982	1056	1133	1216	1303	1396	1940
	0 Vol		0.4	RPM	720	734	748	292	778	793	908	820	836	851	998	882	362
	_P209		[.07]	Μ	644	889	982	98/	839	968	926	1019	1085	1139	1225	1316	1853
	I)HCI		0.3	RPM	8/9	889	202	81/	734	05/	<i>1</i> 9 <i>1</i>	784	805	815	831	847	931
	8 06		[.05]	W	290	634	089	730	783	839	898	961	1026	1095	1167	1236	1766
	;LA20		0.2	RPM	979	641	657	673	069	707	725	743	761	780	799	812	900
	H(-)		[.02]	W	-	_	_	671	724	6//	838	006	965	1033	1104	1179	1677
	Model: (-)HCLA2090 & (-)HCLP2090 Voltage 208/230, 460 — 3 phase 60 H		0.1 [.02]	RPM	_	_	_	879	645	693	682	701	720	740	, 09/	781	898
	2	*	[s/	_	133]	180]	227]			_		_					\vdash
		Air Flow	CFM [L/s]		2400 [1133	2500 [1180	2600 [1227]	2700 [1274]	2800 [1321	2900 [1368	3000 [1416]	3100 [1463]	3200 [1510]	3300 [1557]	3400 [1604]	3500 [1652]	4000 [1888]
		⋖	ರ		2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	Ċ	C)	4

	1	10100	÷		00	MPONENT	AIRFLOW	COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE	CE	
Airflow	AIRFLO	W CORRECT	AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS *	Wet Coil	Downflow	Downflow	Horizontal	Concentric Grill	Concentric Grill	Concentric Grill
CFM [L/s]	Total MBH	Sensible MBH	Power kW			Resist	Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]	ır [kPa]		
2400 [1133]	0.93	0.73	96:0	0.04 [.01]	[00.] 00.0	0.05 [.01]	0.03 [.01]	ı	I	A2
2500 [1180]	0.93	0.74	96:0	0.05 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.06 [101]	0.03 [.01]	1	_	1
2600 [1227]	0.94	0.76	0.97	0.05 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.06 [.01]	0.04 [.01]	0.17 [.04]		ı
2700 [1274]	0.94	0.78	0.97	0.05 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.07 [.02]	0.04 [.01]	0.19 [.05]	_	1
2800 [1321]	0.95	0.80	26:0	0.05 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	[70.] 0.00	0.04 [.01]	0.21 [.05]	_	1
2900 [1368]	0.95	0.81	0.97	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.08 [.02]	0.04 [.01]	0.23 [.06]	_	1
3000 [1416]	0.95	0.83	0.98	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.08 [.02]	0.05 [.01]	0.25 [.06]	_	ı
3100 [1463]	0.96	0.85	0.98	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.09 [.02]	0.05 [.01]	0.28 [.07]	_	1
3200 [1510]	0.96	0.87	0.98	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.09 [.02]	0.05 [.01]	0.31 [.08]	_	1
3300 [1557]	0.97	0.88	66.0	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.10 [.02]	[10.] 0.00	0.34 [.08]	_	1
3400 [1604]	0.97	0.90	0.99	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.10 [.02]	0.06 [.01]	0.37 [.09]	_	ı
3500 [1652]	0.98	0.92	0.99	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.11 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	_	_	1
3600 [1699]	0.98	0.93	0.99	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.11 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	ı	0.16 [.04]	ı
3700 [1746]	0.99	0.95	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.12 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	-	0.18 [.04]	1
3800 [1793]	0.99	0.97	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.12 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	1	0.19 [.05]	1
3900 [1840]	1.00	0.99	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.13 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	-	0.20 [.05]	1
4000 [1888]	1.00	1.00	1.01	0.09 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.13 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	-	0.21 [.05]	1
* Multiply c	correction factor ti	mes gross performa	Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible	le capacity cannot e	capacity cannot exceed total capacity	<i>\</i> -			[] Designates N	[] Designates Metric Conversions

* Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible capacity cannot exceed total capacity.

Hand Briggs 2006 230, 40 Cal Line 1. Cal L				[.50]	Μ	Ι		1	_	-	-	1	1	Ι	-		-	1		I	1	Ι
				2.0	RPM	ı	Ι	Ι	I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	1	I	1	I	Τ	Ι	I	ı
				[.47]	Μ	ı	-	Ι	_	-	_	Ι	1	Ι	1	I	1	_	_	1	-	1
				1.9	M d≥	ı	_	Ι	ı	-	1	Ι	-	Ι	_	Ι	-	ı	_	Ι	Ι	ı
				[45]	-	1824	1910	2000	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	
					Μd			_	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	1	_	1	1	1
				42]		_			024	120	220		1			1	_	_	_	-	_	
											-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	1
Name Column Col				40]								248	354		_	_	_	_		_	_	
Part															_		_					H
Model: (]HCLP2120 Voltage 208/1230, 460 - 3 phase 60 Hz				37]	-						_											
No. of	≥											.70 2										H
No. of	10			[2]		68 11	45 11	26 11	112 11			93 11		11 20							_	
Model: (-)HCLP2120	三													_				_		_		H
Model: (-)HCLP2120	SII			[7]							11 61	15 11	15 11	119 11		40 11						H
Model: (-)HCLP2120												16 20	26 21	36 22		57 24						
Model: (-)HCLP2120) H ₂		_		-						43 110	37 11.	35 11	37 11.	43 11	54 11	68 11	_	10 11			
Model: (-)HCLP2120	99 -		' [kPa	1.2 [.3				_	_	-		38 19.		79 21.			42 24		54 27			31.
Model: (-)HCLP2120			Wateı		-															_		12
Model: (-)HCLP2120	\hat{s}		es of			-				_		18		30 20	32 21	33 22		26 24	38 26	50 27		75 30
Model: (-)HCLP2120	5.1		Inch		-RP							79 109		70 108		79 110	39 11:		22 113	11	72 116	33 11.
Model: (-)HCLP2120	[3]		re —	1.0 [.2		È	_		_													50 29
Model: (-)HCLP2120	ON		ressu				_				-		_		36 106				28 11:	49 11.	74 113	33 11
Model: (-)HCLP2120	O T		atic P			<u> </u>			-	\vdash	-	_							33 243	36 25-	.92 60	23 28
Model: (-)HCLP2120	- 1		nal St								100								33 108		75 110)2 11;
Model: (-)HCLP2120	щ		Exter					-	100	-	-	2.0		_								95 27
Model: (-)HCLP2120	N																					
Model: (-)HCLP2120	M								-	-	\vdash	-	`		`				24 23	38 23	52 24	36 26
Model: (-)HCLP2120	OR				RP					\vdash	3) 92	0.1	1 95		1 98	3 99	10	7 10	9 10	5 10	
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Voltage 208/230, 460	RF				Μ	866	1058	115	1188	1258	1333	141(1492	.169	1788	189	1998	211(222	2349	247	2498
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Voltage 208/230, 460	/ PE	z		9.0	RPM	824	835	846	828	698	881	893	906	918	931	945	959	974	686	1004	1020	1036
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Voltage 208/230, 460	8	€00 H		[.12]	8	993	866	1058	1121	1188	1259	1333	1412	1493	1579	1668	1891	1999	2112	2229	2351	2479
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Voltage 208/230, 460	₹FE(phase			₩d≥	791	66/	_		-	_			_			-					1001
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Model:	AIF	<u> </u> - 3		10]		ш		_	_	\vdash	-	100	N.	10000				_				-
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Model:		0, 460			Ш			-	_													
Model: (-)HCLP2120 Model:		08/23			-					Щ.	_	_		_			_		_	μ.	_	
Model: (-)HCLP2120		age 2				-		-		_								_			_	
Model: (-)HCLP211 0.1 [02] 0.2		Volt			RP						_			-		_				ш	_	935
		120				794	845	899	296	1018	1084		1224	1296	1378		1503	1586	1678	177	1868	1969
		CLP2		0.2	RPM	929	684	869	712	726	740	131	769		799	810	825	840	855	871	887	904
)H(-)		[.02]	Ν	ı	789	839	893	951	1011	1076	1143	1215	1289	1367	1449	1508	1594	1683	1777	1874
		lodel		0.1	RPM	ı	641	655	029	989	10		732	_	763	779	795	908	821	838		871
Air Flo CFM [L 3200 [1 3300 [1 3400 [1 3500 [1		ĺ	>	[s]		510]	557]	_		_		_		_	935]		029]					-
A 2			ir Flo	FM [-		200 [15	300 [15	400 [1t	500 [16	600 [16	700 [1;	800 [1;	900 [18	000 [18	100 [15	200 [15	300 [20	400 [20	500 [23	600 [23	700 [23	800 [25
			∢			3,	33	3,	35	36	3,	38	35	4	4.	4,	4	4	45	46	4.	4

					00	COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE	AIRFLOW	RESISTAN	ICE	
	AIRFLOV	N CORRECT *	AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS *			Downflow Economizer RA	Horizontal Economizer RA	Concentric Grill RXRN-FA65 or RXRN- FA75 & Transition		Concentric Grill Concentric Grill RXRN-AA61 or RXRN- RXRN-AA66 or RXRN-AA78 & Transition DYMC CERE DYMC CERE DYMC CERE
Airflow				WetCoil	Downflow	Damper Open	Damper Open	RXMC-CD04	KAIMC-CEU3	NAIMO-CIUG
CFM [L/s]	Total MBH	Sensible MBH	Power kW			Resist	Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]	ır [kPa]		
3200 [1510]	96:0	0.87	0.98	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.09 [.02]	0.05 [.01]	0.31 [.08]	-	-
3300 [1557]	10.97	0.88	0.99	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.10 [.02]	0.05 [.01]	0.34 [.08]	1	1
3400 [1604]	10.97	06:0	66:0	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.10 [.02]	0.06 [.01]	0.37 [.09]	ı	ı
3500 [1652]	86:0	0.92	66:0	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.11 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	1	ı	ı
3600 [1699]	0.98	0.93	0.99	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.11 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	1	0.16 [.04]	-
3700 [1746]	0.99	0.95	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.12 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	-	0.18 [.04]	-
3800 [1793]	0.99	0.97	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.12 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	1	0.19 [.05]	-
3900 [1840]	1.00	0.99	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.13 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	-	0.20 [.05]	-
4000 [1888]	1.00	1.00	1.01	0.09 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.13 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	1	0.21 [.05]	_
4100 [1935]	1.00	1.02	1.01	0.09 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.14 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	1	0.23 [.06]	1
4200 [1982]	1.01	1.04	1.01	0.09 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.14 [.03]	0.08 [.02]	ı	0.24 [.06]	ı
4300 [2029]	1.01	1.06	1.01	0.10 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.15 [.04]	0.08 [.02]	1	0.25 [.06]	ı
4400 [2076]	1.02	1.07	1.02	0.10 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.15 [.04]	0.08 [.02]	1	0.27 [.07]	1
4500 [2123]	1.02	1.09	1.02	0.10 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.16 [.04]	0.09 [.02]	-	1	-
4600 [2171]	1.03	1.11	1.02	0.10 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.16 [.04]	0.09 [.02]	1	1	0.30 [.07]
4700 [2218]	1.03	1.12	1.03	0.11 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.17 [.04]	0.09 [.02]	-	-	0.31 [.08]
4800 [2265]	1.04	1.14	1.03	0.11 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.17 [.04]	0.10 [.02]	I	1	0.32 [.08]

* Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible capacity cannot exceed total capacity.

3.12.2 AIR-FLOW PERFORMANCE DATA (DRY COIL) - (-)HCLA2120

										5	AINFLOW PENF	פון	2							1	5	1	JAINIAINCE - 10 I OIN (33,1KW) - 60 FZ - SIDEFLOW	_	5												
	Model	Model (-)HCLA2120	A212		oltag	Voltage 208/230, 460— 3 phase 60 Hz	230, 4	60	bhase	е 60 Н	Ţ																										
Air Flow															Exter	nal St	atic Pr	ressu	External Static Pressure — Inches of Water [kPa]	uches	of Wa	ter [k	Paj														
CFM [L/s]	0.1	[:02]	0.2	[:02]	0.3	[.07]	0.4	[.10]	0.5	[.12]	9.0	[.15]	0.7	[.17]	0.8 [.20]		0.9 [.22]		1.0 [.25]		1.1 [.27]	1.2	1.2 [.30]	1.3	[.32]	1.4 [.35]		1.5 [.37]	7] 1.6	6 [.40]	1.7	[.42]	1.8	[.45]	1.9	[.47]	2.0 [.50]
	RPM	W	RPM	W	RPM	M	RPM	Μ	RPM	W	RPM	W	RPM	W	RPM W	V RPM	W	RPM	۸	RPM	Μ	RPM	W	RPM	W	RPM W	V RPM	W	RPM	Μ	RPM	Μ	RPM	W	RPM \	WRF	RPM W
2400 [1133]	949	724	691	782	735	838	778	698	817	928	802	793	846	845 8	886 901	11 925	5 961	1 963	1025	972	1056	1005	1105	1037	1157 10	1069 12	1211 110	1100 1268	38 1131	1326	1162	1387	1192	1451	1221	1516 12	1238 1511
2500 [1180]	664	778	208	836	751	968	792	925	9//	782	817	834	857	8 068	897 950	20 932	5 1014	4 972	1082	885	1111	1014	1164	1046	1219 10	1077	1276 110	1109 1336	36 1139	1398	1170	1463	1199	1530	1229	1599 12	1248 1591
2600 [1227]	683	834	726	895	892	922	807	886	062	825	830	881	698	940	908 10	1005 945	5 1073	3 982	1145	166	1170	1023	1226	1055	1285 10	1086	1346 111	1117 141	1410 1148		1475 1178	1543	1207	1614	1233 16	1633 12	1257 1678
2700 [1274]	702	895	744	296	785	686	822	1057	803	874	843	933	881	6 266	919 10	1066 955	5 1138	8 969	1177	1001	1234	1033	1294	1064	1356 10	1095	1421 113	1126 1488	38 1156	1557	1186	1628	1215	1702	1242	1721 12	1266 1769
2800 [1321]	721	826	762	1022	801	1060	2778	698	817	928	855	992	893	1060	930 1133	33 966	6 1209	6 979	1242	1011	1303	1043	1366	1074	1432 11	1105 150	1500 113	1135 1570	70 1165	5 1643	1195	1718	1224	1795	1252 18	1814 12	1276 1866
2900 [1368]	741	1025	780	1065	817	1137	792	925	831	989	698	1057	902	1129 9	941 12	1206 976	6 1286	990	1312	1021	1376	1053	1443	1084	1512 11	1114 158	1584 114	1144 1657	57 1174	4 1733	1203	1812	1237	1857	1262 18	1913 12	1286 1968
3000 [1416]	761	1096	797	1144	833	1219	807	886	845	1056	882	1128	918	1204 9	953 1285	896 988	1321	1000	1386	1032	1454	1063	1525 1094		1597 11	1124 16	1672 1154		9 118	1749 1183 1829 1212	1212	1911	1248	1958	1272 2017	1295	95 2075
3100 [1463]	779	1153	815	1228	785	686	822	1057	829	1129	895	1205	930	1285 9	965 1370	086 02	0 1396	6 1011	1 1465	1042	1537	1073	1611	1104	1687 11	1134 176	1765 116	1163 1846	1193	3 1929	1221	2014	1258	2064	1282 2	2127 13	1306 2188
3200 [1510]	797	1239	832	1319	801	1060	838	1132	874	1208	606	1288	943	1373 9	1461	.61 991	1 1477	7 1022	1549	1053	1624	1084	1701	1114	1781	1144 186	1863 117	1173 1947	1202	2033	1243	2107	1268	2175	1292 22	2241 13	1316 2306
3300 [1557]	816	1332	780	1065	817	1137	853	1213	888	1293	923	1377	926	1466 9	971 14	1488 1003	1562	2 1034	4 1638	1064	1716	1095	1797	1125	1880 11	1154 196	1965 118	1183 2053	53 1212	2143	1254	2221	1279	2292	1303 23	2361 13	1326 2430
3400 [1604]	835	1431	797	1144	833	1219	698	1299	903	1384	637	1472	696	1565 9	983 15	1574 1014	1651	1045	5 1731	1076	1813	1106	1897	1136	1983	1165 20	2072 1194	94 2163		1222 2256 1265	1265	2339	1290	2414 1	1314 2487		- -
3500 [1652]	6//	1153	815	1228	850	1308	885	1392	918	1481	951	1573	983	1670 9	995 16	1665 1026	1746	6 1057	7 1829	1087	1914	1117	2001	1147 2	2091 11	1176 218	2184 1204	2278	1251	1 2384	1276	2463	1301	2541	1324 26	2618 -	
3600 [1699]	197	1239	832	1319	298	1403	901	1491	933	1584	596	1681	226	1679 10	1008	1760 1039	39 1845	5 1069	1931	1099	2020	1129	2111	1158 2	2204 11	1187 230	2300 121	1215 2398	38 1262	2510	1287	2593	1312	2674	_	- -	- -
3700 [1746]	816	1332	820	1416	884	1504	917	1597	949	1693	086	1794	066	1775 10	1021 18	1860 1051	1948	8 1081	1 2038	1111	2130	1140	2225	1169 2	2322 11	1198 2421	-	1226 2522	1273	3 2641	1299	2727	1323	2812			- -
3800 [1793]	835	1431 8	898	1519	901	1611	933	1708	964	1808	226	1790	1003	1876 10	1033 19	1965 1064	54 2056	6 1094	4 2150	1123	2245	1152	2343	1181	2444 12	1209 25	2546 125	1259 2686	36 1285	5 2778	1310	2867	ı	ı	1	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>
3900 [1840]	854	1536	887	1628	919	1724	920	1825	086	1930	586	1892	1016	1982 1047 2075 1077 2169 1106	047 20	75 107	77 216	9 1106		2266 1136 2365 1164 2467 1193 2570	2365	1164	2467	1193 2	570 1.	221 26	76 12	71 282	5 129;	1221 2676 1271 2825 1297 2920	1322	3012	1	1	1	_	_
4000 [1888]	873	1647	902	1743	986	1843	996	1948	896	1908	666	2000	1030	2093 10	1060 2189	89 1090	90 2287	7 1119	9 2387	1148	2489 1177	1177	2594	1205	2702	1257 2869	1283	83 2969	39 1309	3067		Ι	Ι	-	_		- -
	A	AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS	O	 	OF	RE	C	<u>o</u>	FF	AC	10	RS							၂၁	MF	Q	画	Ļ	AIF	F	0	N R	ES	ISI	COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE	SE	ļ,					
Airflow						*	J.							Wet Coi	 -	H	ě	Downflow		L	Dow	Downflow		*	Horizontal	Ital	\vdash	Concentric Grill	intric (Ĕ	ŏ ا	neouc	Concentric Grill	_	Conc	Concentric Grill	Ę.
CFM [L/s]		Total MBH	Ţ	Se	nsible	Sensible MBH		٩	Power kW	>												2	esista	nce –	Inche	Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]	ate r [k	Paj									
2400 [1133]		0.93			0.73			Ī	96.0					0.04 [.01]	11]		0.0	0.00 [.00]			0.05 [.01]	[.01]			0.03 [.01]	11]	-	ľ	ı			1				1	
			ľ				ľ	ľ					ľ										-				l										

	AIRFLOV	V CORRECT	AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS		00	MPONENT	COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE	RESISTAN	CE	
Airflow		*	<u> </u>	WetCoil	Downflow	Downflow	Horizontal	Concentric Grill	Concentric Grill	Concentric Grill
CFM [L/s]	Total MBH	Sensible MBH	Power kW			Resis	Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]	r [kPa]		
2400 [1133]	0.93	0.73	96'0	0.04 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	0.05 [.01]	0.03 [.01]	_	_	1
2500 [1180]	0.93	0.74	96.0	0.05 [.01]	[00.] 00.0	[10.] 90.0	0.03 [.01]	_	_	1
2600 [1227]	0.94	0.76	26.0	0.05 [.01]	[00:] 00:0	[10.] 90.0	0.04 [.01]	[104]	_	1
2700 [1274]	0.94	0.78	0.97	0.05 [.01]	[00:] 00:0	[70.] 0.00	0.04 [.01]	[50] 61.0	_	1
2800 [1321]	0.95	0.80	0.97	0.05 [.01]	[00:] 00:0	[70.] 0.0	0.04 [.01]	0.21 [.05]	_	ı
2900 [1368]	0.95	0.81	26:0	0.06 [.01]	[00:] 00:0	0.08 [.02]	0.04 [.01]	[90] 87:0	_	1
3000 [1416]	0.95	0.83	86'0	0.06 [.01]	[00.] 00.0	[70] 80.0	0.05 [.01]	[90:] 57:0	_	1
3100 [1463]	0.96	0.85	86'0	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	[70.] 0.00	0.05 [.01]	0.28 [.07]	_	1
3200 [1510]	0.96	0.87	86.0	0.06 [.01]	0.00 [.00]	[70.] 0.00	0.05 [.01]	0.31 [.08]	_	1
3300 [1557]	0.97	0.88	66.0	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.10 [.02]	0.05 [.01]	0.34 [.08]	_	1
3400 [1604]	0.97	0.90	66.0	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.10 [.02]	0.06 [.01]	[60:] 25:0	_	1
3500 [1652]	0.98	0.92	66.0	0.07 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.11 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	_	_	1
3600 [1699]	0.98	0.93	66.0	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.11 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	_	0.16 [.04]	1
3700 [1746]	0.99	0.95	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.12 [.03]	0.06 [.01]	_	0.18 [.04]	1
3800 [1793]	0.99	0.97	1.00	0.08 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.12 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	_	[.05] 0.19	1
3900 [1840]	1.00	0.99	1.00	0.08 [.02]	[00.] 00.0	0.13 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	_	0.20 [.05]	1
4000 [1888]	1.00	1.00	1.01	0.09 [.02]	0.00 [.00]	0.13 [.03]	0.07 [.02]	1	0.21 [.05]	1

* Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible capacity cannot exceed total capacity.

[] Designates Metric Conversions

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Designates Metric Co	version
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			0 [.50]	8	2011	2024	2047	2080	2124	2179	2244	2320	2406	2503	2610	2728	2857		iri																		
			7 2.0	RPM	2 856	4 860	4 865	2 869	7 873	6 877	2 882	5 886	9 891	3 896	8 901	3 905	9 910		Concentric Grill		ı	1		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		0.30 [.07]	0.31 [.08]	0.32 [.08]	0.33 [.08]	0.34 [.08]	0.35 [.09]
			1.9 [.47]	8	2205	226	3 2334	1955	1997	3 2049	2112	3 2185	1 2269	3 2363	5 2468	2583	5 2709		Sonce		'	'	'	-	•	•	-	•	•			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
				RPM	8 881	4 882	1 883	0 839	0 844	1 849	3 854	7 859	2 864	698 6	2 875	5 880	988		Ľ				_														L
			1.8 [.45]	× M	3 2068	4 2124	6 2191	7 2270	0 2360	3 246	6 2573	0 2697	5 2832	0 2979	9 2332	5 2445	1 2568		₽			-	_	1]	1	1]]]							
				/ RPM	39 853	92 854	928 92	32 857	19 860	17 863	57 866	48 870	80 875	24 880	648	45 855	23 861		Concentric Grill		1	0.16 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.19 [.05]	0.20 [.05]	0.21 [.05]	0.23 [.06]	0.24 [.06]	0.25 [.06]	0.27 [.07]	_	1	1	_	_	1	1
			1.7 [.42]	RPM W	826 1939	827 1992	829 2056	831 2132	834 2219	37 23	840 2427	845 2548	849 2680	855 2824	860 2979	3145	3 3323	ببر	Conc			0.	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.							
			[.40]	W	1818 82	828 82	1929 82	2002 83	2086 83	2181 837	2288 84	2406 84	2536 84	2677 85	2829 86	2992 867	3167 873	12																			H
SIDEFLOW			1.6	RPM \	799 18	800 18	802 18	805 20	808 20	811 21	815 22	820 24	825 25	830 26	836 28	843 26	850 31	≰	Grill																		
ΙΉ			[.37]	W	1704 7	1751 8	1810 8	1880 8	1961	2054 8	2158 8	2273 8	2399 8	2537 8	2687 8	2847 8	3019		Concentric Grill		ı	ı	ı	_	-	_	-	_	1	_	Ι	1	1	_	-	Ι	ı
回			1.5	RPM	773	775	1777	780	783	787 2	791 2	796 2	801	807 2	813 2	820 2	827 3	ĮÄ	Co	[kPa]																	
S			[.35]	W	1599	1643	1699	. 99/1	1844	1934	2032	2147	2271	2406	2553	2710	2880			Nater																	
			1.4	RPM	748	750	752	755	759	. 292	292	277	778	784	791	798	802		ontal	es of \	.01]	.01]	.01]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.02]	.031
60 Hz			[.32]	Χ	1565	1628	1701	1784	1878	1981	2095	2030	2151	2283	2426	2581	2748	Ш	Horizontal	– Inch	0.06 [.01]	0.06 [.01]	0.06 [.01]	0.07 [.02]	0.07 [.02]	0.07 [.02]	0.07 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.09 [.02]	0.09 [.02]	0.09 [.02]	0.10 [.02]	0.10 [.02]	0.10 [.02]	0.11 [.03]
09			1.3	RPM	727	730	733	736	740	745	750	750	756	762	692	776	784	₹		ance -																	
1		kPa]	[.30]	W	1473	1533	1603	1684	1774	1875	1986	2107	2238	2379	2530	2460	2624	COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE		Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]																	
\leq		ater [1.2	RPM		707	902	710	714	719	725	731	738	745	752	756	764	빌	Downflow		0.11 [.03]	0.11 [.03]	0.12 [.03]	0.12 [.03]	0.13 [.03]	0.13 [.03]	0.14 [.03]	0.14 [.03]	0.15 [.04]	0.15 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	[02]
9K		s of W	1 [.27]	8	1385	1443	1510	1588	1676	1775	1883	2001	2130	2268	2417	2575	2744	18	Dow		0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.15
43.		Inche	1.1	RPM	672	2/9 /	9 679	8 684	4 689	695	5 701	1 707	3 714	2 722	3 730	5 738	1 747	ĮŞ																			L
Z		re —	1.0 [.25]	Α	1219	5 1297	3 1423	3 1498	1 1584	1679	1785	1901	1 2026	9 2162	3 2308	7 2465	7 2631	၂ၓ	>				_]	[[[[[]]	[_	
		ressu		/ RPM	30 651	01 656	82 653	72 658	73 664	83 670	32 677	1805 684	29 691	95 699	202	59 717	23 727		Downflow		0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	00.100
MANCE — 12.5 TON [43.9kW] —		External Static Pressure — Inches of Water [kPa]	0.9 [.22]	RPM W	1130	1201	630 1282	637 1372	644 1473	651 1583	653 1692	661 18	669 1929	677 2062	686 2205	696 2359	706 2523		å		0	0	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	O.
1.		rnalS	[.20]	W	1054 6	1119 6	1193 6	1277 6.	1371 6	1474 6	1588 6	712 6	1846 6	1989 6	2108 6	2259 6	2420 7																				F
<u> </u>		Exte	0.8	RPM	1 182	Ŀ.	009	1 209	615	623	631	. □	649	629	665 2	676 2	686 2		ē		02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	02]	03]	03]	03]	03]	03]
길			[.17]	W	991	1049	1116	1194	1281	1379	1486	1603	1730	1867	2014	2171	2322		Wet Coil		0.07 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.08 [.02]	0.09 [.02]	0.09 [.02]	0.09 [.02]	0.10 [.	0.10 [.02]	0.10 [.02]	0.10 [.02]	0.11 [.03]	0.11 [.03]	0.11 [.03]	0.12 [.03]	0.12 [.03]
M			0.7	RPM		263	220	218	286	262	604	613	623	633	644	655	299																				
			[.15]	×	941	892	1053	1124	1205	1296	1396	1507	1627	1758	1898	2048	2209		*																		
ايرا الك			9.0	RPM	526	533	541	220	559	268	278	288	298	609	970	631	643		RS																		
삗	2H 0		[.12]	Ν	904	948	1003	1067	1141	1226	1320	1424	1538	1662	1795	1939	2093		ĭ																		
AIRFLOW PERFOR	— 3 phase 60 Hz		0.5	RPM	496	202	513	275	232	545	225	263	574	282	265	609	621		AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS	Power kW	0.99	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.04
12	-3		[.10]	Ν	880	918	965	1023	1091	1169	1256	1354	1461	1578	1706	1843	1990		Z O	Po																	
R	0,460		0.4	RPM	468	477	486	496	206	516	527	538	220	295	574	287	009		Ë																		
Į₹	208/23		[.07]	8	898	006	941	992	1053	1124	1205	1296	1397	1508	1629	1759	1900		W W	Sensible MBH																	
	tage 2		0.3	RPM	440	450	459	470	480	491	503	515	527	540	553	999	280			nsible	0.92	0.93	0.95	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.09	1.11	1.12	1.14	1.16	1.18	1.19
	0 0		[:05]	×	870	895	929	974	1029	1093	1168	1252	1346	1451	1565	1689	1823		ပ >	Se																	
	LA215		0.2	RPM	413	423	434	445	456	468	480	492	202		232	546	260		ڄ	_																	
	DH(-)		[.02]	×	884	903	931	696	1017	1075	1143	1221	1308	1406	1514	1631	1758		RE	Total MBH	96.0	96.0	0.99	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.03	1.04	1.04	1.05	1.05
	Model: (-)HCLA2150 Voltage 208/230, 460		0.1	RPM		398	409	420	432	1444	157	470	184	_	512	526	541		₹	Tota																	
	Σ		[s]	æ		_		_	┢		-	┢	_	_	_	_			>	_/s]	352]	[669	746]	793]	340]	388]	135]	182]	[670	[9/(:23]	[71]	:18]	[59]	312]	329]	107
		Air Flow	CFM [L/s]		3500 [1652	3700 [1746]	3900 [1840]	4100 [1935]	4300 [2029	4500 [2123	4700 [2218]	4900 [2312]	5100 [2407	5300 [2501]	5500 [2595]	5700 [2690	5900 [2784]		Airflow	CFM [L/s]	3500 [1652]	3600 [1699]	3700 [1746]	3800 [1793]	3900 [1840]	4000 [1888]	4100 [1935]	4200 [1982]	4300 [2029]	4400 [2076]	4500 [2123]	4600 [2171]	4700 [2218]	4800 [2265]	4900 [2312]	5000 [2359]	100 [24
	<u> </u>	٩	Ö		(*)	m)	ĸ	4	4	4	4	4	2	Ω,	2	2	2		_	Ö	Ϋ́	m	æ	m	(Y)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	π)	2

^{*} Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible capacity cannot exceed total capacity.

			2.0 [.50]	RPM W	892 2664	894 2734	896 2806	898 288	900 2958	303 8	3121	3206									
			[.47]	W	2576	2643	2714	2787	2863	2941	3022	3105	3191	3279	3371	3464	3560	3659	_	_	I
			1.9	RPM	872	874	<i>LL</i> 8	628	788	884	288	688	768	568	868	106	806	906	_	—	_
			[.45]	W	2488	2554	2623	2694	2768	2845	2924	3008	6808	3176	3266	3357	3452	3549	3649	3751	3856
			1.8	RPM	853	922	828	098	863	998	898	871	874	228	088	883	988	068	893	968	006
			1.7 [.42]	W	2402	2466	2533	2603	2675	2749	2827	2906	2989	3074	3161	3252	3344	3440	3537	3638	3741
			1.7	RPM	833	835	838	841	844	847	820	853	928	829	862	865	698	872	9/8	628	883
1			[.40]	8	2316	2379	2444	2512	2582	2655	2730	2809	2889	2972	3058	3147	3237	3331	3427	3526	3627
>			1.6	RPM	812	815	818	821	824	827	831	834	837	841	844	847	851	855	828	862	998
₌L([.37]	8	2231	2292	2356	2422	2490	2561	2635	2711	2790	2872	2956	3042	3132	3223	3318	3415	3514
Œ			1.5	RPM	791	26/	86/	801	804	808	811	815	818	822	825	829	833	837	841	845	849
SIL			[32]	8	2148	2207	2268	2333	2399	2469	2541	2615	2692	2772	2854	2939	3027	3117	3209	3304	3402
Ι			1.4	RPM	770	774	<i>LLL</i>	781	784	288	791	262	66/	803	807	810	814	818	823	827	831
 			[.32]	>	2101	2169	2239	2311	2310	2377	2447	2520	2595	2673	2754	2837	2923	3011	3102	3195	3291
0.			1.3	RPM	744	747	751	754	764	292	771	2//	6//	783	787	791	96/	800	804	608	813
MANCE — 15 TON [52.7kW] — 60 Hz — SIDEFLOW		kPa]	1.2 [.30]	Μ	2003	2069	2136	2205	2277	2351	2426	2504	2584	2576	2654	2736	2819	2906	2995	3087	3181
] –		External Static Pressure — Inches of Water [kPa]	1.2	RPM	724	727	730	734	738	741	745	749	753	292	89/	772	9//	781	282	06/	26/
×		ofW	[.27]	>	1910	1973	2038	2105	2174	2245	2318	2394	2471	2550	2632	2715	2801	2889	2889	2979	3071
2.7		nches	1.1	RPM	703	902	710	713	717	721	725	729	733	737	742	746	751	755	99/	771	9//
[27		e — Ir	1.0 [.25]	>	1823	1883	1945	2010	2076	2145	2215	2288	2363	2440	2519	2600	2683	2768	2855	2944	3036
N		ssur		RPM	681	982	889	692	969	200	202	602	713	718	722	727	732	736	741	746	751
1		iic Pre	[.22]	8	1782	1797	1857	1919	1983	2049	2117	2187	2260	2334	2410	2489	2569	2652	2737	2823	2912
15		al Stat	6.0	RPM	662	699	299	671	675	629	684	889	669	269	702	202	712	717	722	727	732
		kterna	[.20]	8	1665	1730	1797	1866	1938	2011	2024	2091	2161	2233	2307	2383	2461	2541	2623	2707	2794
CE		Ĥ	0.8	RPM	989	640	645	059	929	661	999	299	672	229	682	289	692	269	702	708	713
Ň			[.17]	8	1559	1620	1683	1749	1817	1887	1960	2035	2112	2191	2208	2282	2357	2435	2514	2596	2680
M			2.0	RPM	610	615	620	625	631	989	642	647	653	629	661	999	671	229	682	889	693
AIRFLOW PERFOR			3 [.15]	Μ	1465	1522	1582	1644	1708	1775	1844	1915	1988	2064	2142	2222	2305	2390	2411	2490	2571
R	Ηz		9.0	RPM	285	290	965	601	909	612	618	624	089	989	642	648	929	999	661	299	673
PE	e 60 l		0.5 [.12]	Ν	1382	1436	1492	1551	1611	1674	1740	1807	1877	1949	2023	2100	2179	2260	2343	2429	2517
≷	phas		0.5	RPM	561	995	572	277	583	288	594	009	209	613	619	979	633	639	949	653	661
7	0 - 3		10]	M	1312	1362	1414	1469	1526	1585	1647	1711	1777	1845	1916	1989	2064	2142	2221	2303	2388
IRF	Voltage 208/230, 460 — 3 phase 60 Hz		0.4 [.10]	RPM	537	542	548	554 1	559 1	565	571 1	578 1	584 1	590 1	597	1 409	611 2	618 2	625 2	632 2	639 2
4	208/2		17.	W	-	-	1348	1399	1452	1508	1566	1626	1689	1753 5	1820	1890 €	1961	2035 6	2111 6	2190	2270
	tage		0.3 [.07]				_	_				_			-	_	-				
	۷٥			RPM		<u> </u>	525	531	- 537	543	7 549	3 255	2 562	.3 2 69	922	2 582	0.	965 0	3 604	8 611	5 619
	180		0.2 [.05]	۸	-	-	_	-	-	-	1497	1553	1612	1673	1736	1802	1870	1940	2013	2088	2165
	CLA2			RPM	Ι	-	-	-	١	-	527	534	540	547	554	561	268	226	283	591	299
	Model (-)HCLA2180		0.1 [.02]	8	Ι	Ι	-	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	-	Ι	1605	1664	1726	1791	1857	1926	1997	2070
	Mode		0.1	RPM	_	_	ı	_	_	_	_	-	_	526	533	541	548	929	263	571	579
		Air Flow	CFM [L/s]		4750 [2241]	4850 [2289]	4950 [2336]	5050 [2383]	5150 [2430]	5250 [2477]	5350 [2525]	5450 [2572]	5550 [2619]	5650 [2666]	5750 [2713]	5850 [2760]	5950 [2808]	6050 [2855]	6150 [2902]	6250 [2949]	6350 [2996]

		1000	, (C)		8	MPONENT	AIRFLOW	COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE	3	
Airflow	ARTIC S	V CORRECT	AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS	Wet Coil	Downflow	Downflow	Horizontal	Concentric Grill	Concentric Grill	Concentric Grill
CFM [L/s]	Total MBH	Sensible MBH	Power kW			Resist	Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]	r [kPa]		
4750 [2241]	1.03	1.13	1.03	0.11 [.03]	00.0 [.00]	0.17 [.04]	0.09 [.02]	ı	-	0.32 [.08]
4850 [2289]	1.04	1.15	1.03	0.11 [.03]	[00:] 00:0	0.17 [.04]	0.10 [.02]	I	_	0.33 [.08]
4950 [2336]	1.04	1.17	1.03	0.11 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.18 [.04]	0.10 [.02]	ı	_	0.34 [.08]
5050 [2383]	1.05	1.19	1.03	0.12 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.18 [.04]	0.10 [.02]	I	_	0.35 [.09]
5150 [2430]	1.05	1.20	1.04	0.12 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.19 [.05]	0.11 [.03]	I	_	0.36 [.09]
5250 [2477]	1.06	1.22	1.04	0.12 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.19 [.05]	0.11 [.03]	-	_	0.37 [.09]
5350 [2525]	1.06	1.24	1.04	0.13 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.20 [.05]	0.11 [.03]		_	0.38 [.09]
5450 [2572]	1.07	1.25	1.05	0.13 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.20 [.05]	0.12 [.03]	-	_	-
5550 [2619]	1.07	1.27	1.05	0.13 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.21 [.05]	0.12 [.03]		_	1
5650 [2666]	1.08	1.29	1.05	0.13 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.21 [.05]	0.12 [.03]	1	_	-
5750 [2713]	1.08	1.31	1.05	0.14 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.22 [.05]	0.13 [.03]	I	_	I
5850 [2760]	1.08	1.32	1.06	0.14 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.22 [.05]	0.13 [.03]	I	-	1
5950 [2808]	1.09	1.34	1.06	0.14 [.03]	0.00 [.00]	0.23 [.06]	0.13 [.03]	-	_	-
6050 [2855]	1.09	1.36	1.06	0.15 [.04]	0.00 [.00]	0.23 [.06]	0.14 [.03]	_	_	_
6150 [2902]	1.10	1.38	1.07	0.15 [.04]	0.00 [.00]	0.24 [.06]	0.14 [.03]		_	-
6250 [2949]	1.10	1.39	1.07	0.15 [.04]	0.00 [.00]	0.24 [.06]	0.14 [.03]	-	_	-
6350 [2996]	1.11	1.41	1.07	0.15 [.04]	00.0 [.00]	0.25 [.06]	0.15 [.04]	1	_	I

* Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible capacity cannot exceed total capacity.

	Concentric Grill		_	-	-	1	Ι	-	-	-	ı	-		-	1	-		-	1
SE	Concentric Grill		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Ι	_	_	_		_	_	_	-
COMPONENT AIRFLOW RESISTANCE	Concentric Grill	ır [kPa]	_	1	1	1	ı	1	1	-	ı	1	1	-	ı	1	1	-	ı
AIRFLOW	Horizontal	Resistance — Inches of Water [kPa]	0.14 [.03]	0.15 [.04]	0.15 [.04]	0.15 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.19 [.05]	0.19 [.05]	0.19 [.05]	0.20 [.05]	0.20 [.05]	0.21 [.05]
MPONENT	Downflow	Resist	0.24 [.06]	0.25 [.06]	0.25 [.06]	0.26 [.06]	0.26 [.06]	0.27 [.07]	0.27 [.07]	0.28 [.07]	0.28 [.07]	0.29 [.07]	0.29 [.07]	0.30 [.07]	0.30 [.07]	0.31 [.08]	0.31 [.08]	0.32 [.08]	0.32 [.08]
8	Downflow		0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]	0.00 [.00]
	WetCoil		0.15 [.04]	0.15 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.16 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.17 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.18 [.04]	0.19 [.05]	0.19 [.05]	0.19 [.05]	0.19 [.05]
**************************************	AIRFLOW CORRECTION FACTORS "	Power kW	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	17.1	11.11	1.11
		Sensible MBH	1.38	1.40	1.42	1.44	1.45	1.47	1.49	1.51	1.52	1.54	1.56	1.57	1.59	1.61	1.63	1.64	1.66
	AIRTIC	Total MBH	1.10	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.13	1.13	1.14	1.14	1.15	1.15	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.17	1.17
	Airflow	CFM [L/s]	6200 [2926]	6300 [2973]	6400 [3020]	[3067]	6600 [3114]	6700 [3162]	6800 [3209]	6900 [3256]	7000 [3303]	7100 [3350]	7200 [3398]	7300 [3445]	7400 [3492]	7500 [3539]	7600 [3586]	7700 [3633]	7800 [3681]

* Multiply correction factor times gross performance data — resulting sensible capacity cannot exceed total capacity.

3.12.3 COMPONENT AIR-RESISTANCE DATA

CFM [L/s]	1800 [850]	2200 [1038]	2600 [1227]	3000 [1416]	3400 [1605]	3800 [1793]	4200 [1982]	4600 [2171]	5000 [2360]
Electric Heater 20KW, 30KW	.060 [.015]	.100 [.025]	.140 [.034]	.160 [.040]	.230 [.057]	.320 [.080]	.410 [.102]	.500 [.124]	.600 [.150]
Mixing Box (R/A Damper Open)	.006 [.001]	.008 [.002]	.012 [.003]	.024 [.006]	.038 [.009]	.053 [.013]	.068 [.017]	.080 [.020]	.095 [.024]
Discharge Grille (Set Max. Open)	.008 [.002]	.011 [.003]	.015 [.004]	.020 [.005]	.025 [.006]	.031 [.008]	.039 [.010]	.046 [.012]	.055 [.014]
Inlet Grille	.008 [.002]	.010 [.002]	.014 [.003]	.020 [.005]	.026 [.006]	.032 [.008]	.039 [.010]	.049 [.012]	.058 [.014]
Discharge Plenum	.02 [.005]	.04 [.010]	.05 [.012]	.065 [.016]	.085 [.021]	.100 [.025]	.120 [.030]	.150 [.037]	.180 [.045]

3.12.4 SELECTING THE PROPER BLOWER DRIVE & MOTOR SHEAVE SETTING

To select the proper blower drive, the following information is required.

- Target air-flow in CFM or L/s
- Total static pressure of the duct system in inches of water or kPa
- Component Resistance (See Section 3.12.3)

Add the total static pressure of the duct system to the component resistance to determine the External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) that the air-handler must work against. Locate the target CFM [L/s] row on the air-flow performance table and move to the right along that row to the correct E.S.P. column. If the target CFM and E.S.P. are between the values shown on the table, it will be necessary to interpolate between rows and lines.

There are heavy lines dividing blower drives from left to right with the "R" drive being everything left of the first heavy line, "S" drive being for everything between the 1st and 2nd heavy lines, "T" drive being for everything between the 2nd and 3rd heavy lines, and so forth.

Once the correct blower drive is determined, confirm the air-handler being installed has the correct drive package or can be converted to the correct drive with field supplied sheaves and belt(s). In some cases, a motor change is also required for field supplied blower drives. See Section 3.12.5 for more details on field supplied blower drives.

Determine the correct blower RPM from the air-flow performance chart at the intersection of the target air-flow and E.S.P. Then refer to the Blower Package Data table to determine the correct setting in turns open for the variable pitch motor sheave. The variable pitch motor sheave can be adjusted in half turns to provide finer adjustments of the blower RPM if needed. Adjust the variable pitch motor sheave to the correct setting using the instructions found in Section 3.12.6.

3.12.5 FIELD SUPPLIED BLOWER DRIVES

For applications where the blower drive packages available from the factory cannot provide enough External Static Pressure (E.S.P.), the motor sheave and/or blower sheave and the belt(s) can be changed to a factory authorized optional field supplied blower drive that will extend the E.S.P. range of the air-handler. Please note that In some cases, a higher horsepower motor may have to be substituted for the factory motor per the specifications in the Blower Package Data table. Factory authorized field supplied blower drive specifications are provided in the Blower Package Data table and the air-flow performance tables include data for the factory authorized field supplied blower drives.

IMPORTANT: Do not deviate from the specifications for the factory authorized field supplied blower drive packages to assure the motor is not overloaded and to assure that a known air-flow level can be achieved.

3.12.6 ADJUSTING THE VARIABLE PITCH MOTOR SHEAVE

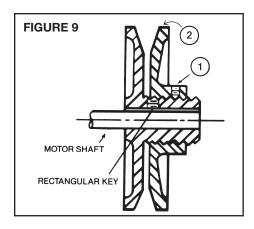
The adjustable pitch sheave which is mounted on the motor shaft controls the fan speed. To adjust the fan speed refer to figure at right, proceed as follows:

- a. Loosen the set screw, item 1.
- b. Rotate the adjustable sheave, item 2, to the desired position.
- c. Lock the adjustable sheave in place by tightening the set screw, item 1.

NOTE: The adjustable sheave is not to be used to adjust belt tension.



BEFORE MAKING FAN ADJUSTMENTS, BE SURE THE MAIN ELECTRICAL DISCONNECT SWITCH IS IN THE "OFF" POSITION TO PREVENT POSSIBLE INJURY DUE TO ACCIDENTAL OPERATION OF THE MOTOR.



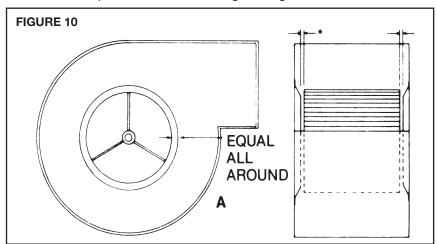
3.12.7 DRIVE BELT ALIGNMENT & ADJUSTMENT

Place belt on the groove of the blower sheave and motor sheave to obtain the approximate alignment and belt tension. Remove the belt and align the blower sheave and motor sheave using a straight edge. When both sheaves are properly aligned, re-install belt. Do not force or pry the belt onto the sheaves. With the belt in place, adjust so that all the slack is on one side of the drive. The belt should have from 3/4" to 1" [19 to 25 mm] of slack at 3 lbs. [21 kPa] pressure. Adjust the belt to this tension, by raising or lowering the swing base via the adjusting rods and nuts.

4.0 START-UP

4.1 PRE-START CHECKLIST

- 1. Leak test entire system.
- 2. Check motor mounting to make sure all nuts are tight.
- 3. Check motor and blower sheaves to make sure they are in proper alignment and set screws are tight.
- 4. Check belt tension—belts should be fairly tight for the initial "start-up".
- 5. Check bearing—collar set screws on blower shaft to make sure they are tight.
- 6. Ball type bearings are factory lubricated and do not require additional grease before starting.
- 7. Rotate blower shaft by hand to be sure it is free.
- 8. Ensure VFD voltage matches upply voltage. For more information, see section 4.1.1. VFD Voltage Adjustment.
- 9. Check all screws, bolts, set screws and piping connections for tightness.
- 10. Check drain.
- 11. Insure that filters are in place.
- 12. Insure all outdoor unit service valves are open.
- 13. Be sure that electrical controls and motors are properly wired and fused in accordance with applicable codes.
- 14. Check wheel position in blower housing. See Figures 10A and 10B.



4.1.1. VFD VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

VFD Voltage Adjustment must be made for 208Volt units.

- 1. End all calls to IFC.
- 2. Press "MODE"
- 3. Press "UP" arrow to "uLu"
- 4. Press "ENT" to adjsut.
- 5. Use the "UP" arrow to increase and "DOWN" to decrease the voltage setting.
- 6. Press the "ENT" button to confirm the setting.
- 7. Press "MODE" twice to exit.
- 8. Power down for 3 minutes.

4.2 SYSTEM START-UP & OPERATIONAL CHECK-OUT

- Once everything on the Pre-Start Check-List has been confirmed, turn the electrical power disconnect on and adjust the thermostat to call for continuous fan operation. Confirm the blower has the correct rotation and is circulating air in the duct system.
- On any models with a Variable Frequency Drive, VFD, the motor will always rotate in the correct directtion.
- Confirm the blower is turning the correct RPM using a strobe light or other device capable of measuring RPM.
- Confirm the full load motor amps listed on the unit data plate are not being exceeded by more than the 15% service factor rating of the motor.
- If the blower is unusually noisy, disconnect power to the unit and check for improper alignment of the blower wheel or belt or for something loose.
- If field installed accessories have been installed, confirm proper functioning of those accessories.
- When all items running properly, tape all access panel to ensure unit is sealed off completely.

4.3 CHECKING INDOOR AIR-FLOW RATE

4.3.1 ESTIMATING AIR-FLOW RATE USING EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE

A common method of checking indoor is to measure the external static pressure that the air-handler is working against and then referring to the air-flow data in Section 3.12. Measuring external static pressure to a high degree of precision in the field is challenging, so keep in mind that the air-flow rate determined by this method is an estimate, but is accurate enough for all practical purposes.

To determine external static pressure, the static pressure should be measured in inches of water column across the air-handler using an incline manometer, digital static pressure meter, or a Magnahelic. The static pressure inside the return plenum should be measured as close to the air-handler as possible and must be measured between any external filter rack and the unit so the pressure drop across the filter is accounted for. The static pressure inside the supply plenum should be measured at a point about halfway between the air-handler and the first elbow or the end of the plenum. Total external static pressure is the sum of the return and supply plenum static pressures. Even though the return plenum static pressure is a negative pressure, it must be added to the supply plenum static pressure, ignoring the negative sign. The supply and return plenum static pressure tubing can also be connected to both pressure ports of the pressure measuring device which will automatically add the two pressures together.

4.3.2 ESTIMATING AIR-FLOW RATE USING ELECTRIC HEAT TEMPERATURE RISE

If the air-handler is equipped with an electric heater, the air-flow can be estimated using the air temperature rise across the air-handler with the heater and blower both energized once the unit has run long enough for the temperatures to stabilize. As with determining air-flow rate using external static pressure, the air-flow rate determined by this method is an estimate, but is accurate enough for all practical purposes. Measure the return air temperature as close to the unit as possible and the supply air temperature about half way from the air-handler to the first elbow or end of the supply plenum. Use the following formula to calculate air-flow rate once the temperature rise is determined.

CFM = Heating BTUH / (Elevation Factor × Temp Rise °F)

 $L/s = (895 \times Heating \, kW) / (Elevation Factor \times Temp Rise ^{\circ}C)$

Note: Refer to Sections 4.3.3 and 4.3.4 to determine Heating Capacity and the following chart for Elevation Factor.

Elevation -ft [m]	Elevation Factor
Sea Level	1.08
500 [152]	0.98
1000 [305]	0.96
1500 [451]	0.95
2000 [610]	0.93
2500 [762]	0.91
3000 [914]	0.90
3500 [1067]	0.88
4000 [1219]	0.86
5000 [1524]	0.83
6000 [1829]	0.83
7000 [2134]	0.77
8000 [2438]	0.74
9000 [2743]	0.72
10000 [3048]	0.69

4.3.3 CORRECTING ELECTRIC HEAT KW FOR VOLTAGE

The actual electric heat kW varies with the supply voltage. Use the following formula to correct the heater rated kW at voltages other than rated voltage.

Actual kW = Rated kW × (Actual Voltage² / Rated Voltage²).

4.3.4 CALCULATING ELECTRIC HEAT CAPACITY IN BTUH

Use the following formula to convert heater kW to heating capacity in BTUH.

BTUH Capacity = kW × 3412 (Where 3412 = BTUH per kW)

4.4 CHECKING REFRIGERANT CHARGE

System refrigerant charging should only be performed after the indoor air-flow is confirmed to be correct for the application. Once the air-flow is confirmed, refer to the manufacturer's outdoor unit charging chart and installation manual for the proper charging procedure for the system.

4.5 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION 4.5.1 COOLING & HEAT PUMP HEATING MODES

When the 2-stage thermostat calls for 1st stage of cooling or heat pump heating and the thermostat fan setting is set to the AUTO position, the G signal from the thermostat causes the Variabe Frequency Drive (VFD) to ramp the motor to the low speed air-flow level (37.5 Hz) which is 63% of full air-flow. If the thermostat fan setting is set on the ON position (continuos fan), the motor will already be operating at the low speed air-flow level when there is a call for 1st stage cooling or heat pump heating.

If the 2-stage thermostat calls for 2nd stage of cooling or heat pump heating, the Y signal from the thermostat will cause the VFD to ramp the motor to the high speed air-flow level (60 Hz). As the thermostat cycles between stages, the VFD and motor will cycle between the low and high speed air-flow levels.

When the call cooling or heat pump heating at the thermostat is satisfied or the thermostat is turned to the OFF position, the VFD will ramp down to 0 Hz and the motor will stop if the thermostat fan settings is set to AUTO position. If the thermostat fan setting is set to the ON position (continuos fan), the VFD will continue to drive the motor at the low speed level (37.5 Hz).

4.5.2 ELECTRIC HEAT MODE

When the thermostat calls for the 1st stage of heat, the 1st stage heater contactor (HC1) in the electric heater kit closes which energizes the 1st stage heater elements. If the thermostat fan setting is set to the AUTO position, the G signal from the thermostat causes the VFD to ramp the motor up to the high speed air-flow level (60Hz). If the thermostat fan setting is set to the ON (continuous fan) position, then the VFD will ramp the motor from low speed air-flow (37.5 Hz) to high speed air-flow (60Hz).

If the thermostat calls for the 2nd stage of heat, the 2nd stage heater contactor (HC2) in the electric heater kit closes which energizes the 2nd stage heater elements. The heater will then cycle between the 1st and 2nd stages of heat at the direction of the thermostat.

When the call for heat at the thermostat is satisfied or the thermostat is turned to the OFF position, the heater contactor(s) open and de-energize the electric heater elements. If the thermostat fan setting is set to the AUTO position, the VFD will ramp down to 0 Hz and the motor will stop. If the thermostat fan setting is set to the ON (continuous fan) position, the VFD will ramp down to the low speed air-flow level (37.5 Hz) until the next call for electric heat.

4.5.3 SUPPLEMENTAL HEATING DURING THE HEAT PUMP HEATING & DEFROST MODES

Should the room temperature continue to fall when the system is operating in the heat pump heating mode, the thermostat will energize supplemental electric heat as required if an electric heater kit has been installed.

If the purple pigtail connected to the "D" terminal on the outdoor unit defrost control is connected to the W1 input (black pigtail) on the electric heater kit, the 1st stage of electric heat will be energized during the defrost cycle. This prevents cold air from being discharged from the supply registers during the defrost cycle. For the most economical operation when discharge air temperature during defrost is not an issue, do not make this connection.

4.5.4 EMERGENCY HEAT (HEAT PUMP)

If heat pump thermostat is set to the "Emergency Heat" mode, the outdoor unit will be prevented from operating and heat will be provided solely by the electric heater. The electric heater elements and indoor blower motor will be energized any time there is a call for heat with no compressor and outdoor fan operation. A jumper should be

installed between the W1 and E terminals on the thermostat sub-base so a call for emergency heat will be transferred to the 1st stage of heat of the thermostat. The indoor blower will cycle on and off with the electric heater elements when the thermostat fan setting is set to the "auto" mode.

4.5.5 THERMOSTAT FAN SETTING

If the thermostat "FAN" setting is adjusted to the "AUTO" position, the indoor blower motor will only operate when there is a call for cooling or heating. If the setting is adjusted to the "ON" position, the indoor blower motor will operate continuously at the low speed air-flow level.

5.0 FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORIES & KITS

ACCESSORY DESCRIPTION	MODEL NUMBER	SIZE USED ON	NET WEIGHT (LBS) [kg]	
Hot Water Coil	RXHC-C74W	090,120	200 [91]	
Hot water Coll	RXHC-C76W	150,180,240	200 [91]	
Steam Call	RXHC-C74S	090,120	200 [91]	
Steam Coil	RXHC-C76S	150,180,240	200 [91]	
	RXHE-DE020*A	090,120	75 [34]	
Auxiliary	RXHE-DE030*A	090,120	75 [34]	
Heater Kit	RXHE-CE030*C	150,180,240	90 [41]	
	RXHE-CE040*C	150,180,240	98 [44]	
External Filter Rack	RXHF-F1	120	20 [9]	

NOTE: *Designates "C", "D" or "Y" Voltage
[] Designates Metric Conversions

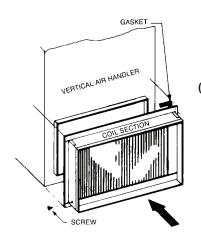
RXHM MIXING BOX



RXHE ELECTRIC HEATER KIT



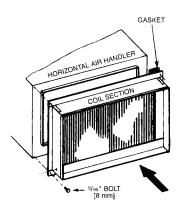
HOT WATER OR STEAM COILS



(090, 120) RXHC-C74W RXHC-C74S or (150, 180, 240) RXHC-C76W RXHC-C76S

> (090, 120) RXHC-C74V RXHC-C74S or RXHC-C76W RXHC-C76S

RXHC-C74W

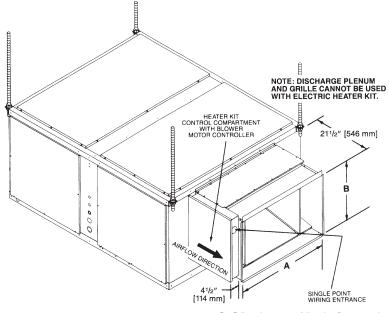


5.1 ELECTRIC RESISTANCE HEATER KITS

OPTIONAL ELECTRICAL HEATER KIT SHOWN INSTALLED IN HORIZONTAL POSITION AND CONNECTED DIRECTLY TO THE AIR HANDLER. THE HEATER KIT MAY ALSO BE INSTALLED WITH THE AIR HANDLER SET IN THE VERTICAL POSITION. IN EITHER POSITION THE HEATER KIT CONTROL COMPARTMENT MUST BE ON THE LEFT SIDE FACING THE AIR DISCHARGE OPENING.

AUXILIARY HEATER KIT

MODEL NO.	IN. [mm]				
WIODEL NO.	Α	В			
RXHE-DE****A	20 [508]	20 [508]			



[] Designates Metric Conversions

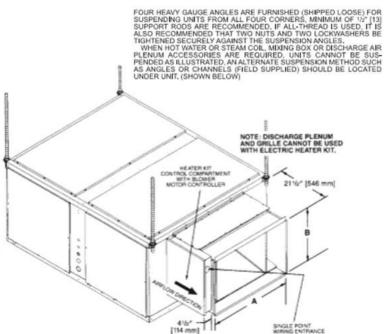
5.1 ELECTRIC RESISTANCE HEATER KITS (CONT.)

TYPICAL APPLICATION 7.5, 10, 15 AND 20 NOMINAL TONS [26, 35, 53 AND 70 kW]

OPTIONAL ELECTRICAL HEATER KIT SHOWN INSTALLED IN HORIZONTAL POSITION AND CONNECTED DIRECTLY TO THE AIR HANDLER. THE HEATER KIT MAY ALSO BE INSTALLED WITH THE AIR HANDLER SET IN THE VERTICAL POSITION. IN EITHER POSITION THE HEATER KIT CONTROL COMPARTMENT MUST BE ON THE LEFT SIDE FACING THE AIR DISCHARGE OPENING.

MODEL NO	AIR HANDLERS	IN. [mm]				
MODEL NO.	SIZES USED ON	Α	В			
RXHE-DE***A	090, 120	20 [508]	20 [508]			
RXHE-CEC	150,180,240	36 [914]	24 [610]			

THE BOTTOM OF THE AIR HANDLER SHOULD BE SLOPED IN TWO PLANES THAT PITCH THE CONDENSATE TO THE DRAIN CONNECTION. THE DRAIN PAN SHOULD NOT LEAVE PUDDLES LARGER THAN 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER AND 1/8 INCH DEEP FOR MORE THAN 3 MINUTES.

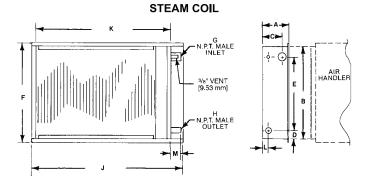


[] Designates Metric Conversions

5.2 HOT WATER & STEAM COILS

PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

NOMINAL TONS [kW]	FINNED HEIGHT— IN. [mm]	FINNED LENGTH- IN. [mm]	FACE AREA FT ² [m ²]	CIRCUITS & TUBES HIGH
71/2 [26.38]-10 [35.17]	18 [457]	40 [1016]	5.0 [.46]	12
15 [52.75]-20 [70.34]	27 [686]	48 [1219]	9.0 [.84]	18



[] Designates Metric Conversions

GROSS COIL PERFORMANCE

NOMINAL	NOMINA	L BTUH	NOMINAL	VELOCITY
TONS [kW]	STEAM	WATER	CFM [L/s]	FPM
71/2 [26.38]	242,500	185,000	3,000 [1416]	600
10 [35.17]	285,000	240,000	4,000 [1888]	800
15 [52.75]	465,000	375,000	6,000 [2832]	667
20 [70.34]	540,000	464,000	8,000 [3776]	888

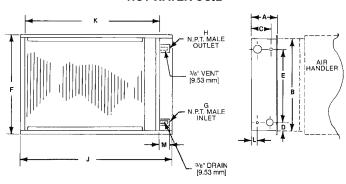
- 1. Entering air temperature @ 60°F
- 2. Entering steam @ 5 PSIG
- 3. Entering water @ 200°F
- 4. Face velocity = $\frac{\text{CFM}}{\text{Face Area}}$

5.2 HOT WATER & STEAM COILS

STEAM COIL COIL DIMENSIONS—INCHES [mm]

MODEL	NOMINAL TONS [kW]	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	H	J	K	L	M
RXHC-C74	71/2 [26.38]-	9 ¹ / ₁₆	21 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈	3 ³ / ₁₆	15	24	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ¹ / ₄	51 ¹ / ₂	47 ⁵ /8	2 ¹³ / ₁₆	3 ¹ / ₄
	10 [35.17]	[230]	[543]	[137]	[81]	[381]	[610]	[38]	[32]	[1308]	[1210]	[71]	[83]
RXHC-C76S	15 [52.75]-	9 ¹ / ₁₆	30 ⁷ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈	3 ³ / ₁₆	24	35	2	1 ¹ / ₂	59 ¹ / ₂	55 ⁵ /8	2 ¹³ / ₁₆	3 ¹ / ₂
	20 [70.34]	[230]	[784]	[137]	[81]	[610]	[889]	[51]	[38]	[1511]	[1413]	[71]	[89]

HOT WATER COIL



HOT WATER COIL DIMENSIONS—INCHES [mm]

MODEL	NOMINAL TONS [kW]	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K	L	М
RXHC-C74W	7¹/2 [26.38]-	9 ¹ / ₁₆	21 ³ /8	5 ³ /8	3 ³ / ₁₆	15	24	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ / ₄	51 ¹ / ₂	47 ⁵ /8	2 ¹³ / ₁₆	3
	10 [35.17]	[230]	[543]	[137]	[81]	[381]	[610]	[32]	[32]	[1308]	[1210]	[71]	[76]
RXHC-C76W	15 [52.75]-	9 ¹ / ₁₆	30 ⁷ /8	5 ³ / ₈	3 ³ / ₁₆	24	35	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ¹ / ₂	59 ¹ / ₂	55 ⁵ /8	2 ¹³ / ₁₆	3 ¹ / ₄
	20 [70.34]	[230]	[784]	[137]	[81]	[610]	[889]	[38]	[38]	[1511]	[1413]	[71]	[83]

[] Designates Metric Conversions

5.3 (-)HCLP2120 FILTER RACK ASSEMBLY



6.0 MAINTENANCE

For continuing high performance, and to minimize possible equipment failures, it is essential that periodic maintenance be performance on this equipment. This section provides general guidelines on what items require periodic maintenance and the recommended frequency for maintenance.

6.1 AIR-FILTERS

Check the system filter every 30-90 days or as often as found to be necessary depending on the application. Clean or replace filters if found to be obstructed. New filters are available from a local distributor or industrial supply store.

A qualified installer, service agency or HVAC professional should change the filters or instruct the building owner's maintenance personnel on how to access and change/ clean the filters and how often this maintenance must should be performed.

IMPORTANT: Do not operate the system without a filter in place as this will result in lint and contaminants accumulating on the coil resulting in reduced performance and possible icing of the coil.

6.2 COIL, DRAIN PAN, DRAIN LINE

Inspect the indoor coil, drain pan, and drain line once each year for cleanliness and clean as necessary. Remove the filters and check the return side of the coil for lint and contaminants and flashlight.

IMPORTANT: Do not use caustic household drain cleaners with bleach in the condensate pan or near the indoor coil. Drain cleaners will quickly damage the indoor coil and condensate pan.

6.3 BLOWER LUBRICATION & CLEANING

The ball bearing motor is pre-lubricated and does not require the addition of grease at time of installation. However, periodic cleaning out and renewing the grease in ball bearings may be necessary. Please note that extreme care must be exercised to prevent foreign matter from entering the bearing.

Over time, dust and contaminants may collect on the motor, especially if the air-filters have not been replaced or cleaned on a regular basis. The motor should be inspected annually and the exterior surface should be cleaned as needed and the air vents vacuumed out to remove any obstruction.

6.4 BLOWER SHAFT BEARINGS, BEARING COLLAR SET SCREWS, BLOWER WHEEL, SHEAVES, & BLOWER DRIVE BELT(S)

Inspection of the blower shaft bearings, bearing collar set screws, blower wheel, and the blower drive belt(s) is recommended every 6 months. Check bearing-collar set screws on the blower shaft to make sure they are still tight. Check the blower shaft bearings for smooth operation and lubricate or replace bearings if necessary. Inspect the blower wheel for accumulation of lint and contaminants or damage. Remove blower wheel and clean or replace if necessary. Inspect the motor and blower sheaves for excessive wear or damage and check set-screws or D bushing bolts for tightness. Replace sheaves and tighten screws and bolts as necessary. Check alignment of sheaves and adjust if necessary. Inspect the blower drive belt(s) for wear and proper tension. Replace the belt(s) and re-adjust the tension if necessary.

6.5 MOTOR REPLACEMENT

Only replace the blower motor with one with the equivalent voltage, horsepower rating, amp rating, and NEMA frame size to maintain factory performance and reliability.

6.6 REPLACEMENT PARTS

Any replacement part used to replace parts originally supplied on equipment must be the same as or an approved alternate to the original part supplied. The manufacturer will not be responsible for replacement parts not designed to physically fit or operate within the design parameters the original parts were selected for.

These parts include but are not limited to: Heater controls, heater limit controls, heater elements, motor, motor capacitor, blower contactor, blower wheel, indoor coil, sheaves, blower shaft, bearings, and sheet metal parts.

When ordering replacement parts, it is necessary to order by part number and include with the order the complete model number and serial number from the unit data plate. (See Parts List for unit component part numbers).

7.0 DIAGNOSTICS

Problem	Possible Cause (Suggested Fix)
Blower motor will not operate or no air-flow	 Failed motor (replace) Loose wiring connection or broken wire (check connections & wiring) Failed transformer on outdoor unit (replace) Circuit breaker or fuse is turned off or has tripped due to overcurrent or shorted circuit (check for shorts, reset breaker) Belt loose, broken, or off (adjust or replace belt) Corrupted VFD program (see VFD Installation and Operation Instructions) Failed VFD (replace)
Excessive vibration	 Blower wheel out of balance (replace or clean blower wheel)
Water overflowing drainpan	Plugged drain (clear drain)Unit not level (level unit)
Electric heater not heating properly or not heating at all, but blower motor is operating	 Over temperature limit has tripped (check for low air-flow) Over temperature limit has failed (replace) Contactor has failed (replace) One or more heating elements have burned out (replace)
Coil is frozen up	 System low on refrigerant charge (check for leaks and adjust charge) Dirty return air filter (replace filter) Inadequate air-flow due to incorrect blower sheave adjustment (adjust sheave to achieve proper air-flow) or excessively restrictive duct system (correct duct system) Belt loose, broken, or off (adjust or replace belt)
Excessive air-flow	 Incorrect blower sheave adjustment (adjust sheave to achieve proper air-flow)
Water blow-off from coil	 Excessive air-flow (adjust sheave to achieve proper air-flow) Contaminants on coil fans (clean coil) Damaged coil fins (comb out fins or replace coil)
TXV not controlling properly	 TXV bulb not positioned correctly or clamp not tight (Check position of TXV sensing bulb and tightness of clamp) Failed TXV (replace) Plugged TXV inlet screen (clean or replace screen or replace TXV)

8.0 WIRING DIAGRAM

